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Technical Committee Meeting Monday, October 8, 2018 12:00 P.M.

Charles F. McGlashan Board Room, 1125 Tamalpais Avenue, San Rafael, CA 94901
 Mt. Diablo Room, 2300 Clayton Road, Suite 1150, Concord, CA 94520
 City of El Cerrito, 10890 San Pablo Avenue, Hillside Conference Room, El Cerrito, CA 94530
 City of San Ramon, 7000 Bollinger Canyon Road, Room 256, San Ramon, CA 94583

- 1. Roll Call/Quorum
- 2. Board Announcements (Discussion)
- 3. Public Open Time (Discussion)
- 4. Report from Chief Executive Officer (Discussion)
- 5. Consent Calendar (Discussion/Action)
 - C.1 Approval of 8.30.18 Meeting Minutes
 - C.2 Second Agreement with Pacific Energy Advisors, Inc.
- 6. MCE 2019 Integrated Resource Plan (Discussion/Action)
- 7. Committee Member & Staff Matters (Discussion)
- 8. Adjourn



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MCE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE MEETING August 30, 2018 8:30 A.M.

Charles F. McGlashan Board Room, 1125 Tamalpais Avenue, San Rafael, CA 94901
Mt. Diablo Room, 2300 Clayton Road, Suite 1150, Concord, CA 94520
City of El Cerrito, Hillside Conference Room, 10890 San Pablo Avenue, CA 94530
City of San Ramon, 7000 Bollinger Canyon Road, Room 256, San Ramon, CA 94583

Roll Call

Present: Kevin Haroff, City of Larkspur, Acting Chair (San Rafael)

Greg Lyman, City of El Cerrito (El Cerrito)
Scott Perkins, City of San Ramon (San Ramon)
Don Tatzin, City of Lafayette (Concord)

Absent: Rob Schroder, City of Martinez

Kate Sears, County of Marin Ray Withy, City of Sausalito

Staff: Jesica Brooks, Board Assistant (San Rafael)

Kirby Dusel, Resource Planning & Renewable Energy (Concord)

Darlene Jackson, Board Clerk (Concord)

Vicken Kasarjian, Chief Operating Officer (San Rafael)

David McNeil, Manager of Finance (San Rafael)

Lindsay Saxby, Power Supply Contracts Manager (San Rafael) Enyonam Senyo-Mensah, Operations Assistant (Concord)

Dawn Weisz, Chief Executive Officer (Concord)
Sandra Zelaya, Public Affairs Assistant (Concord)

The meeting was called to order at 8:33 A.M. by Acting Chair, Kevin Haroff.

Action Taken:

Agenda Item #3 - Public Open Time

Acting Chair Haroff asked for public comment and there was none.

Agenda Item #4 - Report from Chief Executive Officer (Discussion)

CEO Dawn Weisz presented on the following items:

- SB100 passed; SB237 and AB893 tracking
- Regulatory Integrated Resource Plan submitted to the CPUC
- PCIA is currently the main focus in MCE's Regulatory Department
- Upcoming Events:

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- o CalCCA Annual Meeting September 5-6 Monterey, CA
- o Global Climate Summit September 11-13 San Francisco, CA
- MCE Board Retreat and Annual Review September 28 Richmond, CA
- o CASIO Symposium October 17-18 Sacramento, CA

Acting Chair Haroff asked for public comment and there was none.

Agenda Item #5 – 5.3.18 Meeting Minutes (Discussion/Action)

Acting Chair Haroff asked for public comment and there was none.

ACTION: It was M/S/C (Tatzin/Lyman) to **approve 5.3.18 meeting minutes**. Motion carried by unanimous roll call vote. (Absent: Directors Schroder, Sears, and Withy).

Agenda Item #6 - MCE Greenhouse Gas Emissions Analysis (Discussion/Action)

Kirby Dusel, Resource Planning and Renewable Energy, presented this item and addressed questions from the Committee.

Acting Chair Haroff asked for public comment and there was none.

ACTION: It was M/S/C (Lyman/Perkins) to approve the use of the MCE Greenhouse Gas Emission Analysis as submitted. Motion carried by unanimous roll call vote. (Absent: Directors Schroder, Sears, and Withy).

Agenda Item #7 - MCE 2017 Annual Source Disclosure Report Attestation (Discussion/Action)

Kirby Dusel, Resource Planning and Renewable Energy, presented this item and addressed questions from the Committee.

Acting Chair Haroff asked for public comment and there was none.

ACTION: It was M/S/C (Tatzin/Lyman) to endorse the accuracy of information presented in MCE's 2017 Power Source Disclosure report for Light Green service and approve the use of statistics reflected in MCE's 2017 annual PSD reports for purposes of preparing MCE's 2017 Power Content Label. (Absent: Directors Schroder, Sears, and Withy).

Agenda Item #8 - California Independent System Operator: Overview and Updates (Discussion)

Vicken Kasarjian, Chief Operating Officer, presented this item and addressed questions from the Board.

Acting Chair Haroff asked for public comment and there were comments from member of the public Doug Wilson, Marin Conservation League.

ACTION: No action required.

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Agenda Item #9 - Electricity Storage and MCE (Discussion)

Vicken Kasarjian, Chief Operating Officer, presented this item and addressed questions from the Committee.

Acting Chair Haroff asked for public comment and there were comments from El Cerrito member of the public, Howdy Goudey.

ACTION: No action required.		

Agenda Item #10 - Committee Member & Staff Matters (Discussion)

Dawn Weisz, Chief Executive Officer, informed the Committee that the Risk Oversight Committee met on June 27 and would continue holding quarterly meetings.

Acting Chair Haroff asked for public comment and there were none.

Dawn Weisz, Chief Executive Officer

ACTION: No action required.
The meeting was adjourned at 10:19 A.M. to the next scheduled meeting on October 4, 2018.
Kevin Haroff, Acting Committee Chair
ATTEST:



October 8, 2018

TO: MCE Technical Committee

FROM: Dawn Weisz, Chief Executive Officer

RE: Second Agreement with Pacific Energy Advisors, Inc. (Agenda Item #05 -

C.2)

ATTACHMENT: Proposed Second Agreement with Pacific Energy Advisors, Inc.

Dear Technical Committee Members:

SUMMARY:

On October 7, 2010, the MCE Board approved an agreement for technical services and operational support from John Dalessi and Kirby Dusel through contracts with their respective companies: Dalessi Management Consulting, LLC and Paradigm Energy Consulting. In 2013, the MCE Board approved the First Agreement with Pacific Energy Advisors, Inc. for services provided by Mr. Dalessi and Mr. Dusel jointly. The services provided to MCE under these contracts have included specialized technical and operational support, as well as advisory services in a wide range of MCE functions. The services provided through these agreements have been central to the agency's functions, and there is an ongoing need for the provision of these services.

The proposed Second Agreement with Pacific Energy Advisors, Inc. has been prepared to provide continuation of technical and advisory services to MCE, based on current needs of the agency. The proposed scope of services includes the core functions summarized below, along with other functions detailed in the attached proposed Agreement:

- (a) Maintain Annual and Long-Term Sales Forecast
- (b) Maintain Financial Model
- (c) Ratesetting
- (e) Manage Renewable Portfolio (RPS) Compliance Program
- (f) Manage Resource Adequacy (RA) Compliance Program
- (g) Provide Regulatory Support

Key contract provisions:

- Throughout the term of the Agreement, Contractor's total billings for Supplemental Services would not exceed \$0.11 per MWh in any calendar month.
- Because the ongoing services being proposed are of a highly specialized and technical nature requiring detailed knowledge of MCE's operations, the term of the proposed Agreement is three years. This term allows MCE to demonstrate to financial partners that MCE's technical team is fully engaged and committed for a significant time period.

Recommendation: Approve the Second Agreement with Pacific Energy Advisors, Inc.

MARIN CLEAN ENERGY STANDARD SHORT FORM CONTRACT

SECOND AGREEMENT BY AND BETWEEN MARIN CLEAN ENERGY AND PACIFIC ENERGY ADVISORS, INC.

THIS SECOND AGREEMENT ("Agreement") is made and entered into this day October ___, 2018 by and between MARIN CLEAN ENERGY, hereinafter referred to as "MCE" and PACIFIC ENERGY ADVISORS, INC., hereinafter referred to as "Contractor."

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, MCE desires to retain a person or firm to provide the following services: technical support and advisory services to MCE as described in Exhibit A;

WHEREAS, Contractor warrants that it is qualified and competent to render the aforesaid services;

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the agreement made, and the payments to be made by MCE, the parties agree to the following:

1. SCOPE OF SERVICES:

Contractor agrees to provide all of the services described in Exhibit A attached hereto and by this reference made a part hereof.

2. FURNISHED SERVICES:

MCE agrees to make available all pertinent data and records for review, subject to MCE Policy 001 - Confidentiality.

3. FEES AND PAYMENT SCHEDULE; INVOICING:

The fees and payment schedule for furnishing services under this Agreement shall be based on the rate schedule which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B** and by this reference incorporated herein. Said fees shall remain in effect for the entire term of the Agreement. Contractor shall provide MCE with his/her/its Federal Tax I.D. number prior to submitting the first invoice. Contractor is responsible for billing MCE in a timely and accurate manner. Contractor shall email invoices to MCE on a monthly basis for any services rendered or expenses incurred hereunder. Fees and expenses invoiced beyond 90 days will not be reimbursable. The final invoice must be submitted within 30 days of completion of the stated scope of services or termination of this Agreement.

4. MAXIMUM COST TO MCE:

Pursuant to Exhibit B, Contractor's total billings shall not exceed \$0.11 per MWh in any calendar month.

5. TIME OF AGREEMENT:

This Agreement shall commence on **January 1, 2019**, and shall terminate on **December 31, 2021**. Certificate(s) of Insurance must be current on the day the Agreement commences and if scheduled to lapse prior to termination date, must be automatically updated before final payment may be made to Contractor.

6. **INSURANCE AND SAFETY:**

All required insurance coverages shall be substantiated with a certificate of insurance and must be signed by the insurer or its representative evidencing such insurance to MCE. The general liability policy shall be endorsed naming Marin Clean Energy and its employees, officers and agents as additional insureds. The certificate(s) of insurance and required endorsement shall be furnished to MCE prior to commencement of work. Each certificate shall provide for thirty (30) days advance written notice to MCE of any cancellation or reduction in coverage. Said policies shall remain in force through the life of this Agreement and shall be payable on a per occurrence basis only, except those required by paragraph 6.4 which may be provided on a claims-made basis consistent with the criteria noted therein.

Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on Contractor's obligations under paragraph 16 of this Agreement to indemnify, defend and hold MCE harmless from any and all liabilities arising from the Contractor's negligence, recklessness or willful misconduct in the performance of this Agreement. MCE agrees to timely notify the Contractor of any negligence claim.

Failure to provide and maintain the insurance required by this Agreement will constitute a material breach of the agreement. In addition to any other available remedies, MCE may suspend payment to the Contractor for any services provided during any time that insurance was not in effect and until such time as the Contractor provides adequate evidence that Contractor has obtained the required coverage.

6.1 GENERAL LIABILITY

The Contractor shall maintain a commercial general liability insurance policy in an amount of no less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) with a two million dollar (\$2,000,000) aggregate limit. MCE shall be named as an additional insured on the commercial general liability policy and the Certificate of Insurance shall include an additional endorsement page. (see sample form: ISO - CG 20 10 11 85).

6.2 AUTO LIABILITY

Where the services to be provided under this Agreement involve or require the use of any type of vehicle by Contractor in order to perform said services, Contractor shall also provide comprehensive business or commercial automobile liability coverage including non-owned and hired automobile liability in the amount of one million dollars combined single limit (\$1,000,000.00).

6.3 WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The Contractor acknowledges the State of California requires every employer to be insured against liability for workers' compensation or to undertake self-insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Code. If Contractor has employees, a copy of the certificate evidencing such insurance or a copy of the Certificate of Consent to Self-Insure shall be provided to MCE prior to commencement of work.

6.4 PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE (REQUIRED IF CHECKED ⋈)

Coverages required by this paragraph may be provided on a claims-made basis with a "Retroactive Date" either prior to the date of the Agreement or the beginning of the contract work. If the policy is on a claims-made basis, coverage must extend to a minimum of twelve (12) months beyond completion of contract work. If coverage is cancelled or non-renewed, and not replaced with another claims made policy form with a "retroactive date" prior to the Agreement effective date, the contractor must purchase "extended reporting" coverage for a minimum of twelve (12) months after completion of contract work. Contractor shall maintain a policy limit of not less than \$1,000,000 per incident. If the deductible or self-insured retention amount exceeds \$100,000, MCE may ask for evidence that contractor has segregated amounts in a special insurance reserve fund or contractor's general insurance reserves are adequate to provide the necessary coverage and MCE may conclusively rely thereon.

Contractor shall be responsible for initiating, maintaining and supervising all safety precautions and programs in connection with the performance of the Agreement. Contractor shall monitor the safety of the job site(s) during the project to comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, and to follow safe work practices.

7. NONDISCRIMINATORY EMPLOYMENT:

Contractor and/or any permitted subcontractor, shall not unlawfully discriminate against any individual based on race, color, religion, nationality, sex, sexual orientation, age or condition of disability. Contractor and/or any permitted subcontractor understands and agrees that Contractor and/or any permitted subcontractor is bound by and will comply with the nondiscrimination mandates of all federal, state and local statutes, regulations and ordinances.

8. SUBCONTRACTING:

The Contractor shall not subcontract nor assign any portion of the work required by this Agreement without prior written approval of MCE except for any subcontract work identified herein. If Contractor hires a subcontractor under this Agreement, Contractor shall require subcontractor to provide and maintain insurance coverage(s) identical to what is required of Contractor under this Agreement and shall require subcontractor to name Contractor as additional insured under this Agreement. It shall be Contractor's responsibility to collect and maintain current evidence of insurance provided by its subcontractors and shall forward to MCE evidence of same. Nothing contained in this Agreement or otherwise stated between the parties shall create any legal or contractual relationship between MCE and any subcontractor, and no subcontract shall relieve Contractor of any of its duties or obligations under this Agreement. Contractor shall be solely responsible for ensuring its subcontractors' compliance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement. Contractor's obligation to pay its subcontractors is an independent obligation from MCE's obligation to make payments to Contractor. As a result, MCE shall have no obligation to pay or to enforce the payment of any moneys to any subcontractor.

9. <u>ASSIGNMENT</u>:

The rights, responsibilities and duties under this Agreement are personal to the Contractor and may not be transferred or assigned without the express prior written consent of MCE.

10. RETENTION OF RECORDS AND AUDIT PROVISION:

Contractor and any subcontractors authorized by the terms of this Agreement shall keep and maintain on a current basis full and complete documentation and accounting records, employees' time sheets, and correspondence pertaining to this Agreement. Such records shall include, but not be limited to, documents supporting all income and all expenditures. MCE shall have the right, during regular business hours, to review and audit all records relating to this Agreement during the Contract period and for at least five (5) years from the date of the completion or termination of this Agreement. Any review or audit may be conducted on Contractor's premises or, at MCE's option,

Contractor shall provide all records within a maximum of fifteen (15) days upon receipt of written notice from MCE. Contractor shall refund any monies erroneously charged. Contractor shall have an opportunity to review and respond to or refute any report or summary of audit findings, and shall promptly refund any overpayments made by MCE based on undisputed audit findings.

11. WORK PRODUCT:

All finished and unfinished reports, plans, studies, documents and other writings prepared by and for Contractor, its officers, employees and agents in the course of implementing this Agreement shall become the sole property of MCE upon payment to Contractor for such work. MCE shall have the exclusive right to use such materials in its sole discretion without further compensation to Contractor or to any other party. Contractor shall, at MCE's expense, provide such reports, plans, studies, documents and writings to MCE or any party MCE may designate, upon written request. Contractor may keep file reference copies of all documents prepared for MCE. Notwithstanding the foregoing, MCE shall not obtain or retain any rights in or ownership to any of Contractor's systems, documents, and/or intellectual property developed, produced, discovered, or created by Contractor before the execution of this Agreement or in connection with services performed outside of this Agreement.

12. TERMINATION:

- A. Either party may terminate this Agreement for the failure to comply with the terms of this Agreement and/or the violation of any ordinance, regulation or other law which applies to the performance of obligations under this Agreement by giving five (5) business days' written notice to the other party. The written notice shall specify the date of termination. In the event MCE terminates this Agreement under this paragraph, the Contractor shall perform no further work or service(s) under the Agreement as of the date of termination unless the notice of termination authorizes such further work. MCE shall pay the Contractor within thirty (30) days after receiving any invoice after the date of termination for all non-objected to services performed by the Contractor in accordance herewith through the date of termination.
- B. The Contractor shall be excused for failure to perform services herein if such services are prevented by acts of God, strikes, labor disputes or other forces over which the Contractor has no control (including acts or failures to act by the MCE).
- C. Either party hereto may terminate this Agreement for any reason by giving one hundred twenty (120) calendar days' written notice to the other party. Notice of termination shall be by written notice to the other parties and be sent by registered mail or by email to the email address listed in Section 19 Invoices; Notices. The written notice shall specify the date of termination. The MCE shall pay the Contractor within thirty (30) days after receiving any invoice after the date of termination for all non-objected to services performed by the Contractor in accordance herewith through the date of termination. The MCE shall not unreasonably object to any services performed by the Contractor in accordance herewith through the date of termination.
- D. In the event of termination not the fault of the Contractor, the Contractor shall be paid for services performed to the date of termination in accordance with the terms of this Agreement so long as proof of required insurance is provided for the periods covered in the Agreement or Amendment(s).

13. AMENDMENT:

This Agreement may be amended or modified only by written agreement of all parties.

14. ASSIGNMENT OF PERSONNEL:

The Contractor shall not substitute any personnel for those referenced in this Agreement unless personnel with substantially equal or better qualifications and experience are provided, acceptable to MCE, as is evidenced in writing.

15. JURISDICTION AND VENUE:

This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California and the parties hereto agree that venue shall be in Marin County, California.

16. INDEMNIFICATION:

Contractor agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold MCE, its employees, officers, and agents, harmless from any and all liabilities including, but not limited to, litigation costs and attorney's fees arising from any and all claims and losses to anyone who may be injured or damaged by reason of Contractor's negligence, recklessness or willful misconduct in the performance of this Agreement. MCE agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold the Contractor and its officers, agents and employees harmless from any and all liabilities including, but not limited to, litigation costs and attorney's fees arising from any and all claims and losses to anyone who may be injured or damaged by reason of MCE's negligence, recklessness or willful misconduct in the performance of this Agreement.

17. NO RECOURSE AGAINST CONSTITUENT MEMBERS OF MCE:

MCE is organized as a Joint Powers Authority in accordance with the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California (Government Code Section 6500, et seq.) pursuant to the Joint Powers Agreement and is a public entity separate from its constituent members. MCE shall solely be responsible for all debts, obligations and liabilities accruing and arising out of this Agreement. Contractor shall have no

rights and shall not make any claims, take any actions or assert any remedies against any of MCE's constituent members in connection with this Agreement.

18. COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS:

The Contractor shall comply with any and all applicable federal, state and local laws and resolutions (including, but not limited to the County of Marin Nuclear Free Zone, Living Wage Ordinance, and Resolution #2005-97 of the Marin County Board of Supervisors prohibiting the off-shoring of professional services involving employee/retiree medical and financial data) affecting services covered by this Agreement. Copies of any of the above-referenced local laws and resolutions may be secured from the MCE's contact person referenced in paragraph 19. Invoices; Notices below.

19. DEFINITIONS:

"CAISO" means the California Independent System Operator, or its successor.

"CCA Service" means Community Choice Aggregation Service which permits cities, counties or a joint powers agency whose governing boards have elected to acquire their electric power needs, hereinafter referred to as Community Choice Aggregators (CCA), to provide electric services to utility end-use customers located within their service area(s) as set forth in California Public Utilities Code Section 366.2 and other Commission directives.

"MCE" means the Marin Clean Energy program.

"RA" means Resource Adequacy.

"RE" means renewable energy.

"REC" means renewable energy certificate or renewable energy credit.

"RPS" means the California Renewable Portfolio Standards program.

20. INVOICES; NOTICES

This Agreement shall be managed and administered on MCE's behalf by the Contract Manager named below. All invoices shall be submitted by email to:

|--|

All other notices shall be given to MCE at the following location:

Contract Manager:	Troy Nordquist	
MCE Address:	1125 Tamalpais Avenue	
	San Rafael, CA 94901	
Email Address:	contracts@mcecleanenergy.org	
Telephone No.:	(415) 464-6027	

Notices shall be given to Contractor at the following address:

Contractor:	John Dalessi
Address:	1839 Iron Point Road, Ste. 120
	Folsom, CA 95630
Email Address:	John@pacificea.com
Telephone No.:	(916) 936-3301
	·

21. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF EXHIBITS

In the event of a conflict between the Terms of this Agreement and the terms in any of the following Exhibits, the terms in this Agreement will govern.

		Check applicable Exhibits	CONTRACTOR'S INITIALS
EXHIBIT A.	\boxtimes	Scope of Services	
EXHIBIT B.	\boxtimes	Fees and Payment	

22. SEVERABILITY

Should any provision of this Agreement be held invalid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity will not invalidate the whole of this Agreement, but rather, the remainder of the Agreement which can be given effect without the invalid provision, will continue in full force and effect and will in no way be impaired or invalidated.

23. COMPLETE AGREEMENT

This Agreement along with any attached Exhibits constitutes the entire Agreement between the parties. No modification or amendment shall be valid unless made in writing and signed by each party. Failure of either party to enforce any provision or provisions of this Agreement will not waive any enforcement of any continuing breach of the same provision or provisions or any breach of any provision or provisions of this Agreement.

24. COUNTERPARTS

APPROVED BY

This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which shall be deemed one and the same Agreement.

24. PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BOND (REQUIRED IF CHECKED \square)

Contractor shall furnish, concurrently with signing the contract, a Performance & Payment Bond for a sum not less than 100 percent (100%) of the total amount of the contract. The bond shall be in the form of a bond and not a deposit in lieu of a bond. The bond shall be executed by an admitted surety insurer. The bond shall guarantee payment by Contractor of all materials, provisions, provender, supplies, and equipment used in, upon, for, or about the performance of said construction, and protect MCE from any liability, losses, or damages arising therefrom.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement on the date first above written.

Approved by MCE Counsel:

Marin Clean Energy:	CONTRACTOR:
By:	By:
	Name:
Date:	Date:
MODIFICATIONS TO STANDARD SHORT FORM	
⊠ Standard Short Form Content Has Been Modified	i
List sections affected: <u>Section 4: Maximum C</u>	ost to MCE, Section 11: Work Product, Section 12: Termination,
Section 16: Indemnification, Section 18	3: Compliance with Applicable Laws, Section 19:
<u>Definitions</u>	

Date: _____

EXHIBIT A SCOPE OF SERVICES (required)

(a) Maintain Annual and Long Term Sales Forecast:

- Prepare and maintain MCE ("Marin Clean Energy") customer and electric sales forecasts including forecast of: 1) monthly enrolled accounts, megawatt hours ("MWh") and megawatts ("MW") by load profile group; and 2) monthly coincident peak MW and hourly MW for the MCE system.
- Update forecasts biannually and more frequently as necessary; monitor accuracy of load forecast on
 monthly basis; consider adjustment if variance exceeds threshold of 5% mean absolute percentage error
 (MAPE).

(b) Maintain Financial Model (pro forma)

- Maintain pro forma financial model of monthly income/expense projections, cash flow and cash balances.
- Update pro forma model monthly; monitor accuracy of financial projections on monthly basis; assist in reconciling budget variances.
- Prepare forecast of power supply and other expenses for annual budget and assist in preparation of annual budget for MCE program in cooperation with MCE staff.
- Coordinate with MCE and its financial advisors with regard to matters that may impact MCE's financial standing, debt levels, electric rates, annual budget, resource planning and other key concerns.
- Perform membership expansion analyses, stress tests, and other scenario analyses to support MCE decision-making.

(c) Ratesetting

- Annually, develop proposed MCE rate schedules; perform cost of service modeling; PG&E benchmarking; billing determinant (e.g., TOU energy) forecast; present and proposed rate revenue forecast.
- Collaborate with staff and MCE Board in regards to rate changes and need for new rate designs or options.
- Monitor realized rate revenue vs. projections to identify need for rate changes.

(d) Electric Supply Management:

- Annually, prepare/update resource plans, including ten year load and resource projections.
- Maintain record of all energy and capacity contracts in Contractors' deal capture/energy risk management system.
- Maintain load and resource balance models to monitor supply/demand balances and quantify open positions and market risk exposures; Identify incremental electric procurement needs consistent with MCE risk management policies, portfolio content policies, and applicable regulatory requirements.
- Support solicitation of required energy and capacity products assist in preparing and reviewing requisite
 solicitation documents, participate in supplier/developer communications, provide analytical support during
 proposal/bid evaluation, and other related, as-needed activities. Such support will include activities
 associated with MCE's annual Open Season process as well as certain as-needed solicitation processes
 that may be required to address specific resource needs.
- Measure portfolio risk and prepare portfolio risk reports for MCE Risk Oversight Committee.
- Support energy contract negotiations, including: 1) contracts that may be necessary to supply existing MCE customers with requisite energy products; and 2) contracts that may be necessary to supply additional customers within new member jurisdictions (due to MCE membership expansion) during the Time of Agreement.
- Assist in preparing reports related to electric supply (e.g., data management and reporting activities required under California's Power Source Disclosure Program, including Power Content Label development and review); such support may also entail regulatory liaison activities required to successfully complete applicable reports.
- Assist in administering MCE's ongoing Feed-In Tariff program, including invoice validation and renewable energy certificate processing.
- Assist in validating periodic invoices received by MCE's scheduling coordinator/primary electric service provider.
- Monitor energy market activities, including pricing trends related to market energy, renewable energy and capacity.
- Maintain/manage relationships with qualified suppliers of requisite energy products: participate in periodic calls, email exchanges and other communications on behalf of MCE.

(e) Manage RPS compliance program:

- Manage renewable energy portfolio per state/program standards; prepare RPS compliance filings and serve
 as MCE's liaison with pertinent regulatory agencies for matters related to RPS compliance; maintain working
 knowledge of currently applicable RPS guidelines, including pertinent reporting requirements.
- Manage MCE's WREGIS account and various subaccounts, including report preparation, certificate transfer review and retirement (to facilitate mandatory and regulatory compliance), generator registration (for Feed-In Tariff projects under contract with MCE) and other account management activities. Provide support during

Green-e certified product (MCE's Deep Green and Local Sol products, as examples) audits, including data gathering and analysis, reporting and liaison activities with MCE's selected auditor(s) and Green-e Energy staff.

(f) Manage Resource Adequacy compliance program:

- Manage resource adequacy portfolio per state/program standards; prepare year ahead/month-ahead peak demand forecast and resource adequacy compliance demonstration filings.
- Coordinate activities required to "balance" MCE's resource adequacy portfolio, including the identification of capacity deficiencies and coordination of excess capacity sales with qualified buyers.

(g) Regulatory Support:

- Provide technical expertise, analysis and advice in relation to pertinent regulatory proceedings. Such services shall entail periodic reviews and editorial support during comment/brief drafting as well as coordination with MCE staff/advisors on such matters.
- Update Implementation Plan as necessary to address changes to MCE membership.
- Assist management in evaluation of new energy policies that may impact MCE's business.

EXHIBIT B FEES AND PAYMENT SCHEDULE

For services provided under this Agreement, MCE shall pay Contractor in accordance with the amount(s) and the payment schedule as specified below:

During the Term, the following fees shall apply:

All services reflected in Exhibit A shall be billed to MCE by Contractor on a monthly basis at a rate of \$0.11 per megawatt hour of MCE electricity usage, as determined by MCE's Data Management Services provider and reflected in MCE's monthly T+12 CAISO settlement statements.

The service fees defined above are based on the assumption that annual customer electricity usage will approximate 5.2 million megawatt hours. If annual MCE electricity usage is projected to deviate from this assumption by more than 20%, MCE and Contractor will work in good faith to adjust the aforementioned rate in consideration of related impacts to Contractor's cost of service.

In no event shall the total cost to MCE for the services provided herein exceed the maximum rate of \$0.11 per MWh on a monthly basis for the term of the Agreement.



October 8, 2018

TO: MCE Technical Committee

FROM: Lindsay Saxby, Power Supply Contracts Manager

RE: MCE 2019 Integrated Resource Plan (Agenda Item #06)

ATTACHMENT: Draft MCE 2019 Integrated Resource Plan

Dear Technical Committee Members:

BACKGROUND:

MCE's Integrated Resource Plan ("IRP") is intended to articulate the energy procurement targets adopted by MCE's Board of Directors ("Board") and serves as a guideline to MCE staff regarding day-to-day operations and long-term portfolio planning and procurement activities. Your Board first approved MCE's ten-year resource plan in Chapter 6 ("Load Forecast and Resource Plan") of the Community Choice Aggregation Implementation Plan and Statement of Intent ("Implementation Plan"), dated January 2010. Regular updates to MCE's resource plans have been approved by your Board via subsequent revisions of the Implementation Plan and, since November 2012, annual IRP updates. In May 2016, your Board delegated authority to approve IRP updates to the Technical Committee via approval of the "Technical Committee Overview."

The IRP has four primary purposes:

- 1. Quantify resource needs over the ten-year Planning Period, which, in the current IRP update, includes calendar years 2019 through 2028;
- 2. Prioritize resource preferences and articulate relevant energy procurement policies;
- 3. Provide guidance to the energy procurement processes undertaken by MCE staff; and
- 4. Communicate MCE's resource planning policies, objectives and planning framework to the public, energy marketers, and key stakeholder groups.

MCE's key resource planning policies, as set forth in the IRP, are as follows:

- Reduce greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions and other pollutants associated with the electric power sector through increased use of GHG-free, renewable, and low-GHG energy resources.
- 2. Maintain competitive electric rates and increase control over energy costs through management of a diversified resource portfolio.
- 3. Benefit the local economy through investments in infrastructure and energy programs within MCE's service territory.

- 4. Help customers reduce energy consumption and electric bills through investment in and administration of enhanced customer energy efficiency, cost-effective distributed generation, and other demand-side programs.
- 5. Enhance system reliability through investment in supply- and demand-side resources.
- 6. Actively monitor and manage operating and market risks to promote MCE's continued financial strength and stability.

The IRP translates these broad policy objectives into more specific planning elements focused on the use of various resource types, taking into consideration MCE's projected customer needs and MCE's existing resource commitments. The IRP identifies:

- 1. Projected customer demand and energy needs, specifically those for renewable, GHG-free, and conventional energy, over the Planning Period;
- 2. Estimated deliveries from contracted resources that will fill portions of these energy needs;
- 3. Subsequent "open positions" that result from the difference between future energy needs and commitments from currently contracted resources; these open positions dictate the timing and magnitude of additional energy procurement that may be required to meet specified resource goals; and
- 4. To the extent that open positions exist, the IRP describes the procurement methods and guidelines that MCE will utilize to meet them.

MCE's IRP is updated annually, typically in the fall – after summer's procurement activities have concluded and in anticipation of the next year's procurement planning. This 2019 IRP update includes the impacts of MCE's Board-approved Contra Costa County expansion.

FOR DISCUSSION:

Financial impacts of advancing MCE's GHG-free target from 2025 to 2022 and balancing MCE's renewable and GHG-free goals.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES:

MCE's 2015 IRP established significant increases in MCE's procurement targets:

- Increasing renewable energy content for its Light Green service from 50% to 80% by 2025 (For Discussion);
- Limiting unbundled renewable energy certificates to no more than 3% of its retail load; and
- Increasing GHG-free energy content from 60% to 100% by 2025.

Implementation of Assembly Bill 1110 may eliminate the GHG-free treatment of unbundled renewable energy certificates. This 2019 IRP therefore does not include unbundled renewable energy certificates in MCE's portfolio after 2018.

The 2019 IRP is provided as an attachment to this report. It affirms and advances progress toward these goals by increasing MCE's GHG-free targets throughout the Planning Period, setting the 2019 GHG-free portfolio content to 81% and working toward a 100% GHG-free goal in the next four to seven years. The 2019 draft IRP includes:

- Updated Energy Contracting targets that incorporate consistent annual procurement objectives throughout the Planning Period in order to mitigate the impacts of previous MCE growth and moderate long-term contract commitments;
- MCE's preference for GHG-free and renewable resources when contracting via fixed-price contracts to "hedge" open physical positions and reduce California Independent System Operator ("CAISO") market exposure;
- Incorporation of forecasted increases in customer demand due to growth in Electric Vehicles ("EV");
- Incorporation of load-modifying customer behaviors such as increasing Net Energy Metering ("NEM") and energy storage adoption within MCE's service area:
- Consideration of MCE's direct procurement of energy storage through its first energy storage Request for Offer, in addition to previously contemplated customerfocused energy storage strategy;
- Discussion of Asset Controlling Supplier ("ACS") resources, which MCE intends to categorize within its "GHG-free" portfolio; the extremely low emissions factors associated with ACS supply shall be incorporated into MCE's overall emissions factor;
- A "Note to the Reader" on the differences between MCE's IRP and the California Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC") IRP process.

The IRP summarizes the following progress toward MCE's energy and capacity obligations:

- MCE has contracted for its projected Renewable Portfolio Standard ("RPS") compliance needs through 2025; open renewable positions remain from 2019 through the Planning Period for MCE's voluntary renewable energy targets;
- MCE has addressed its conventional energy requirements in line with its planning guidelines via contractual commitments that are in place through 2020;
- Starting in 2019, MCE does not have any Product Content Category 3 (unbundled) RECs in its portfolio;
- MCE has addressed its required reserve capacity ("Resource Adequacy" or "RA") and flexible capacity obligations per its contracting guidelines via commitments extending through 2019;
- MCE continues to focus on energy purchases from new, California-based renewable energy resources throughout the Planning Period. Potential competition for these limited resources may necessitate MCE to consider renewable energy imports from the Pacific Northwest and other areas throughout the Western Electricity Coordinating Council ("WECC"), which generally encompasses the Western United States.

In addition, the 2019 IRP provides updates on MCE's portfolio of power suppliers and its cultivation of local renewable energy generation, most notably its NEM and Feed-in Tariff ("FIT") programs, as well as the completion of the MCE Solar One facility in Richmond, CA:

 As of October 2018, MCE serves approximately 28,700 NEM customers, up from over 14,000 last year. Following expansion into Contra Costa County earlier this year, these smaller-scale renewable generating projects now represent more than 306,000 kW (306 MW) of local renewable generating capacity, up from 128,000 kW (128 MW) this time last year;

- Through a partnership with Grid Alternatives, MCE has contributed \$345,000 to low-income residential solar installations, totaling nearly 249 kW of new rooftop solar since 2012; saving customers an estimated \$2 million on monthly utility bills over 20 years and eliminating over 4,000 metric tons of GHG emissions over the 25-year lifespan of the installations;
- In addition to NEM generating capacity, MCE is planning to develop or purchase renewable energy from up to 35 MW of locally developed capacity by 2021. To this end, MCE has invested staff time and financial resources in various development activities within its service territory. For example, MCE Solar One is a 10.5 MW solar photovoltaic (PV) project in the City of Richmond which commenced commercial operation in December 2017;
- MCE continues to administer one of California's most generous FIT programs for locally situated, smaller-scale renewable generating resources that supply wholesale electricity to MCE. This program utilizes standard offer (i.e. non-negotiable) contracts that are available on a first-come, first-served basis to up to 45 MW of qualifying renewable energy projects within MCE's service territory. Starting in 2018, MCE began the second phase of its FIT program, adding an additional 10 MW of capacity and an updated Tariff for projects in MCE's service area up to 1 MW. Another 20 MW of capacity is available for new FIT Plus projects sized above 1 MW to up to 5 MW, with a new applicable Tariff.

RECOMENDATION: Approve current draft 2019 Integrated Resource Plan or provide direction to staff regarding any changes to the draft 2019 Integrated Resource Plan.



2019 Integrated Resource Plan

November 2018

Approved by MCE Technical Committee on [_____]

MCE 2019 Integrated Resource Plan

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A Note to the Reader: MCE and CPUC Integrated Resource Plans

This document, MCE's 2019 Integrated Resource Plan ("IRP"), provides an overview of MCE's resources and resource planning, and summarizes MCE's programs and policies designed to foster a cleaner energy future. Since 2012, MCE has developed this voluntary and publicly available Integrated Resource Plan to provide transparency into its resource planning objectives.

Proceeding R. 16-02-007 at the California Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC" or "Commission") required load serving entities (LSEs), including Community Choice Aggregations (CCAs), to submit Integrated Resources Plans using CPUC-developed templates ("CPUC IRP"). MCE complied with this rulemaking and filed an Integrated Resources Plan to the CPUC in August 2018. While this document and the document submitted to the CPUC as a compliance filing both use the title "Integrated Resource Plan", the tools, models and assumptions used to develop each plan are different.

The IRP submitted to the CPUC uses Commission-approved models and assumptions that do not yet capture the complexity and market realities of managing MCE's portfolio or resource planning. MCE is working closely with the CPUC to identify areas of alignment and possible improvement. MCE continues to support information sharing with its customers, the public, project developers and regulators.

MCE's voluntary procurement targets continue to exceed state Renewable Portfolio Standard mandates and have already achieved California's Greenhouse Gas emission reduction goals. Additionally, MCE continues to advance innovative programs for Electric Vehicles and Energy Efficiency, among others. We encourage readers to continue referencing MCE's IRP for resource planning and program insights.

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I. Introduction

As California's first Community Choice Aggregation ("CCA") program, MCE provides retail electric generation services and complementary energy programs to customers within the municipal boundaries of its member communities (collectively, the "service area"), which include:

- Marin County; Belvedere, Corte Madera, Fairfax, Larkspur, Mill Valley, Novato, Ross, San Anselmo, San Rafael, Sausalito, and Tiburon;
- Unincorporated Napa County, American Canyon, Calistoga, Napa, St. Helena, and Yountville;
- Contra Costa County; Unincorporated Contra Costa County, and the cities of Concord, Danville, El Cerrito, Lafayette, Martinez, Moraga, Oakley, Pinole, Pittsburg, Richmond, San Pablo, San Ramon, and Walnut Creek; and
- Benicia.

Solano
County

Yountville

Napa
Solano
County

American Canyon

Marin
Son Rafael
Son Rafael
Son Anagement
Larkspure
County

Belvedore
Hill Volley
Bendore
Sobbalte
Sobbalte
Sobbalte
Solano
County

American Canyon

Bendo
Son Rafael

Figure 1: MCE Service Area, including expansion anticipated in 2018

MCE provides service to more than eighty-five percent of electricity customers within its service area and is the default electric generation provider for any new or relocated customers therein.

MCE 2019 Integrated Resource Plan

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As a mission-driven organization, MCE works to reduce greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions and to expand access to competitively priced renewable energy and energy efficiency ("EE") programs for all customers. With these objectives in mind, MCE plans for and secures commitments from a diverse portfolio of generating resources to reliably serve the electric energy requirements of its customers over near-, mid-, and long-term planning horizons. This IRP documents MCE's resource planning policies and objectives over the upcoming ten-year planning period from 2019 through 2028 (the "Planning Period").

Every year, MCE staff updates the IRP and submits it for approval to MCE's Board or Technical Committee, which includes a subset of MCE Board members. Such approval is made in consideration of applicable regulatory requirements, MCE's resource planning policies, energy market conditions, anticipated changes in electricity consumption, planned inclusion of new member communities, ongoing procurement activities, and any other considerations that may affect the manner in which MCE carries out its resource planning activities.

Purpose

The IRP has four primary purposes:

- (1) quantify resource needs over the Planning Period;
- (2) prioritize resource preferences and articulate relevant energy procurement¹ policies;
- (3) provide guidance to the energy procurement processes undertaken by MCE staff; and
- (4) communicate MCE's resource planning objectives and framework to the public and key stakeholder groups.

In practical terms, the IRP specifies the energy procurement strategy adopted by MCE's Board and serves as a guideline to MCE staff regarding day-to-day energy planning and procurement activities.

Executive Summary

Highlights of this IRP update include the following:

- ➤ MCE will manage a portfolio of power resources to supply a minimum renewable energy content of 60 percent for its Light Green customers. MCE plans to increase its renewable energy content, subject to product availability and rate-related considerations, to 80 percent for Light Green customers by 2025. MCE has a long-term goal of supplying 100 percent renewable energy to all of its customers.
- MCE continues to provide its customers with voluntary 100 percent renewable energy service options: Deep Green, which is wholly sourced from various renewable energy projects located in California; and Local Sol, which began supplying participating customers with 100 percent locally sourced (i.e., the supplying generating facilities are located entirely within MCE's service area) solar photovoltaic ("PV") energy in July 2017.

$^{ m 1}$ Within this IRP, energy procurement refers to the purchase of energy products, including electrici	ty, capacity
energy efficiency, distributed generation, demand response, and energy storage.	

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- ➤ MCE's energy supply portfolio now includes 58 energy contracts with more than thirty-three energy product suppliers. Through the Planning Period, MCE anticipates continued diversification of its supply portfolio.
- MCE's existing and planned supply commitments throughout the Planning Period will enable MCE to fulfill applicable regulatory mandates and voluntary procurement targets related to renewable, greenhouse gas-free ("GHG-free" or "carbon-free"), and conventional (non-renewable) energy. In particular, MCE has taken important steps to ensure delivery of a reliable, environmentally responsible power supply portfolio, including:
 - Contracting for all projected, state-mandated Renewable Portfolio Standard ("RPS") compliance requirements through 2025;
 - Addressing open renewable energy positions throughout the Planning Period related to MCE's voluntary renewable energy targets (which significantly exceed state-mandated procurement requirements);
 - Addressing conventional energy requirements per MCE's adopted planning guidelines via shorter term contractual commitments that are in place through 2020;
 - Addressing required reserve capacity ("Resource Adequacy" or "RA") and flexible capacity procurement obligations, consistent with applicable compliance mandates, via short, mid-, and long-term contracts per its contracting guidelines;
 - o Increasing energy purchases from new, California-based renewable energy resources throughout the Planning Period.
- MCE continues to provide direct support for the development of local renewable energy projects through the ongoing administration of its Net Energy Metering ("NEM") and Feed-In Tariff ("FIT") programs. Notable achievements in this area include the following:
 - Following expansion of its service area in 2018, MCE now serves approximately 28,724 NEM customers; the smaller-scale renewable generating projects that have been installed by such customers represent more than 306,000 kW (306 MW) of installed, behind-themeter local renewable generating capacity;
 - o Since 2012, MCE has allocated \$345,000 for solar rebates and has provided \$111,100 in rebates to help with the installation of 147 solar systems, 126 of which occurred on the homes of low income customers, thanks to MCE's partnership with GRID Alternatives. The \$111,100 in rebates provided 381 kW of new solar generation, 249 kW of which was provided to low income customers. GRID Alternatives estimates that the program participants will save over \$2 million on their monthly utility bills over 20 years and eliminate over 4,000 metric tons of GHG emissions over the 25-year lifespan of the installations. Starting in 2018, Net Energy Metering customers can now choose to transfer their excess solar credits to this rebate program, providing more rebates and access to solar for communities that otherwise would not have the option;
 - o In addition to rooftop generating capacity, MCE is planning to develop or purchase energy from 35 MW of locally constructed (within MCE's service area), utility-scale renewable

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- generating capacity by 2021. To this end, MCE has invested staff time and financial resources in various development activities within its service area. For example, Solar One is a 10.5 MW solar PV project in the City of Richmond which achieved commercial operation in December 2017;
- o MCE continues to administer one of California's most generous FIT programs for locally situated, smaller-scale renewable generating resources that supply wholesale electricity to MCE. This program utilizes a standard offer (i.e. non-negotiable) contracts that are available on a first-come, first-served basis for up to 45 MW of qualifying renewable energy projects within MCE's service area. Specific terms and conditions for the FIT program are available on MCE's website.

MCE is working toward a long-term goal of offsetting two percent of its annual energy and capacity requirements with EE and distributed energy resource ("DER") programs. MCE applied to the Commission, and was approved for an increase of the EE budget for MCE-administered programs while also exploring a number of innovative DER strategies aimed at reducing customer costs and associated GHG emissions. Specific to capacity requirements, MCE's goal is to provide five percent of its annual RA capacity via demand response ("DR") programs by the end of the Planning Period. MCE plans to explore funding opportunities for DR programs as new programs are rolled out in 2019.

➤ During the Planning Period, MCE will procure requisite energy products through various mechanisms, including public solicitations, standard offer contracts, and bilateral engagements as procurement opportunities present themselves outside of the aforementioned processes.

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II. General Resource Planning Policies

MCE policy, established by MCE's founding documents and directed on an ongoing basis by MCE's Board, guides development of this IRP and related procurement activities. MCE's key resource planning policies are as follows:

- ➤ Reduce GHG emissions and other pollutants associated with the electric power sector through increased use of renewable, GHG-free, and low-GHG energy resources.
- > Maintain competitive electric rates and increase control over energy costs through management of a diversified resource portfolio.
- Benefit the local economy by offering competitive electricity rates and customer programs and through investments in infrastructure, energy, and workforce development programs within MCE's service area.
- ➤ Help customers reduce energy consumption and electric bills through investment in and administration of enhanced customer EE, cost-effective distributed generation, and other demand-side programs.
- > Enhance system reliability through investment in supply- and demand-side resources.
- > Actively monitor and manage operating and market risks to promote MCE's continued financial strength and stability.
- Support supplier diversity as permitted by law.

The IRP translates these broad policy objectives into a more specific energy procurement strategy, taking into consideration MCE's projected customer needs and existing resource commitments over the Planning Period.

Regulatory Considerations

Senate Bill 100

Senate Bill ("SB") 100, signed by the Governor in September 2018, directs all LSEs to procure 60% of their portfolios from RPS-eligible resources by 2030, and 100% of all retail sales of electricity need to come from zero-carbon resources or eligible renewable resources. As of the 2019 IRP filing, MCE is fully compliant with the 2030 requirement with more than 60% of its portfolio RPS qualified. MCE's expects to achieve a 100% GHG free portfolio by 2025, 20 years earlier than the SB 100 mandate.

Energy Storage

The California Energy Storage Bill, Assembly Bill ("AB") 2514, was signed into law in September of 2010, and, as a result, the CPUC established energy storage targets for investor-owned utilities ("IOUs"), CCAs, and other LSEs in September 2013. The applicable CPUC Decision established an energy storage procurement target for CCAs and electric service providers equal to 1 percent of their forecasted 2020 peak load. Based upon current load forecasts, the decision requires MCE to install 10 MW of energy storage no later than 2024. Beginning on January 1, 2016, and every two years thereafter, MCE must file an advice letter demonstrating compliance with this requirement, progress toward meeting this target, and a description of the methodologies for insuring projects are cost-effective.

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On August 1, 2018, the IOUs submitted a consolidated advice letter to the Commission to update the energy storage obligations of Community Choice Aggregators ("CCAs") and Electricity Service Providers ("ESPs"), pursuant to Decision ("D.") 17-04-039 and compliant with Resolution E-4892. D.17-04-039 concluded that each CCA's 1 percent procurement obligation can be met through the CCA's share of IOU storage procurement that receives non-bypassable cost recovery treatment.²

In its comments on the consolidated advice letter, MCE's calculation demonstrated that due to the amount of storage resources that have been granted cost recovery through Non-Bypassable Charges ("NBCs") in all IOU service territories, CCAs' mandated energy storage procurement target has been reduced to zero. As noted in MCE's comments, some of the resources have yet to be approved but are expected to receive cost recovery through NBCs. Once those resources are approved, CCAs' mandated storage procurement target would be reduced to zero percent, and any CCA storage initiatives will be undertaken on a voluntary basis. See the section on Energy Storage for details on MCE's energy storage procurement plans.

Renewable Portfolio Standards (RPS) and Senate Bill (SB) 350

Through 2016, the CPUC has been overseeing implementation of SB 350, which Governor Brown signed in October 2015. Among other GHG-reduction provisions, SB 350 calls for California's RPS targets to increase to 50 percent by 2030. SB 350 includes certain procedural changes that will also impact MCE. With respect to CCAs, SB 350 requires that:

- CCAs must have at least 65 percent of their RPS compliance procurement under contracts of 10 years or longer beginning in 2021;
- CCA EE programs will be eligible to count toward statewide EE targets; and
- While maintaining independent governing authority, CCAs will submit CPUC IRPs to the Commission for certification.

MCE will comply with the applicable planning and procurement requirements reflected in SB 350. Given its existing and planned commitments to long-term renewable energy procurement and EE program administration, MCE does not anticipate the need for significant modifications to its planning or procurement practices to achieve SB 350 compliance.

Resource Adequacy (RA)

Resource Adequacy is a CPUC administered program that ensures LSEs provide sufficient resources to the California Independent System Operator to ensure the safe and reliable operation of the grid in real time while ensuring appropriate incentives for the siting and construction of new resources needed for reliability in the future. Decision D.18-06-030 adopted local and flexible capacity obligations for 2019 for LSEs and established a policy supporting a multi-year procurement framework for local resource adequacy. D.18-06-030 expressed the CPUC's intent to adopt a multi-year local resource adequacy requirement with a three-to-five-year duration, with implementation beginning in the 2020 resource adequacy program year. The requirements for the multi-year procurement framework, including the

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potential role for a "central buyer" for certain resource adequacy products, is being considered in Track 2 of the resource adequacy proceeding.

Power Source Disclosure

AB 1110, signed into law in September of 2016, directs the California Energy Commission ("CEC") to adopt a methodology for the calculation of GHG emissions intensity for each electricity product offered by a retail supplier. The CEC has initiated a series of pre-rulemaking activities, such as providing two draft implementation proposals and the opportunity to comment on each proposal, to engage stakeholders. MCE has been an active participant in this proceeding and will continue to engage in dialogue with CEC staff to ensure that adopted regulations: 1) reflect industry best practices for GHG emissions accounting and reporting; 2) provide greater clarity to customers regarding the GHG intensity associated with MCE electricity products; and 3) promote alignment, where possible and appropriate, between AB 1110 and other state renewable energy programs.

MCE Procurement Targets

GHG-Free by 2025

MCE's mission includes reduction of GHG emissions. With this in mind, MCE will commence the Planning Period with a targeted 81% GHG-free supply portfolio in 2019. The GHG-free proportion of MCE's resource mix will be comprised of both RPS-eligible renewable energy and additional GHG-free electricity.³ MCE will steadily increase its use of GHG-free energy supply with the goal of achieving a 100 percent GHG-free supply portfolio by 2025, subject to operational practicalities and product availability.

Note that not all renewable energy is GHG-free, as certain generating technologies, particularly those using geothermal and biofuel sources, are known to produce carbon dioxide and other GHGs during electric power generation.⁴ That noted, the majority of RPS-eligible renewable generating technologies are understood to be carbon-neutral, meaning that the net environmental impacts associated with the processes required to produce electric power are no worse than the environmental impacts associated with activities that would otherwise occur.⁵ Moreover, MCE ensures that any power purchase agreements transfer to MCE all environmental attributes associated with renewable electricity.

MCE understands that implementation of AB 1110 will further clarify emissions intensity reporting for all generating technologies. MCE will apply pertinent emissions calculation methodologies, once finalized, when performing emissions accounting related to its electric supply portfolio.

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³ For purposes of portfolio planning, MCE includes hydro-electric power and the predominantly hydro-electric energy produced by Asset Controlling Suppliers ("ACS") in its "GHG-free" category. These ACS suppliers' extremely low portfolio emissions factors are factored into MCE's emissions rate and can be found on the California Air Resources Board ("CARB") website at: https://www.arb.ca.gov/cc/reporting/ghg-rep/ghg-rep-power/acs-power.htm.

⁴ Technology-specific emissions factors can be found in Table A.III.2 of the 2014 IPCC report available at: https://www.ipcc.ch/pdf/assessment-report/ar5/wg3/ipcc wg3 ar5 annex-iii.pdf.

⁵ For example, although there are GHG emissions associated with power generated by combustion of methane at capped landfills, such energy is considered to be renewable, and its GHG impacts are less than or – at worst – equal to those of the methane flaring that would occur otherwise.

80 Percent Renewable Energy by 2025

In pursuit of its goal to increase the Light Green product content to 80 percent renewable by 2025, MCE intends to gradually replace the conventional energy resources in its supply portfolio with renewable resources. Actual annual renewable content percentages may differ from projections if resource availability or market conditions preclude cost-effective procurement or if annual load comes in higher or lower than expected, but the primary goal is to achieve an 80 percent Light Green renewable supply no later than 2025. MCE's annual renewable content targets appear in Table 1 below.

Limited Use of Unbundled Renewable Energy Certificates

MCE pursues a diversified renewable energy supply portfolio, which reflects a broad use of various RPS-eligible fuel sources and products, resource locations, project configurations and other considerations. However, MCE has committed to limit the use of unbundled renewable energy certificates (otherwise known as "Portfolio Content Category 3," "PCC 3," or "Bucket 3") to no more than three percent of its total resource mix. This limitation generally aligns with specifications reflected in California's RPS program, which impose restricted use of PCC 3 products approximating three percent of annual retail sales during the third Compliance Period, which includes 2017 through 2020. MCE does not expect to contract for PCC 3 RECs in 2019 and beyond because of revised GHG accounting protocols in the implementation of AB 1110. However, MCE may occasionally purchase PCC3 RECs during the Planning Period as it manages its overall renewable energy content in the face of variable load and renewable energy supplies. To maintain progress toward its 80 percent renewable energy target, MCE will substantially focus on the procurement of bundled⁷ renewable energy supply throughout the Planning Period, as reflected in Table 1.

10 Year Potfolio Mix (%) 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 43% 45% 48% 50% 53% 55% 58% 58% 58% 58% PCC 1 Renewable PCC 2 Renewable 17% 18% 19% 20% 20% 21% 22% 22% 22% 22% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% PCC3 Renewable 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 21% Large Hydro 21% 21% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 19% 16% 13% 10% 3% 0% 0% 0% 0% Conventional Energy 6% Total Renewable 60% 63% 67% 70% 73% 76% 80% 80% 80% 80% Total Carbon Free 81% 84% 88% 90% 93% 96% 100% 100% 100% 100%

Table 1: MCE 10-Year Portfolio Mix Targets

Workforce and Supplier Diversity

MCE is committed to supporting the economic health and sustainability of communities in its service area, and seeks opportunities to contract with businesses that are historically underrepresented in utilities' procurement of energy resources, goods, and services. MCE's guidelines for diversity in procurement

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⁶ While MCE increases its Light Green portfolio to 80 percent renewable, Deep Green and Local Sol customers will continue to receive 100 percent renewable energy.

⁷ Portfolio Content Category 1 ("PCC 1" or "Bucket 1") and Portfolio Content Category 2 ("PCC 2" or "Bucket 2"), per California RPS compliance regulations and explained in further detail in the "RPS Requirements" subsection of "IV. Resources."

support MCE's efforts to procure energy resources, goods, and services from historically underrepresented and/or economically disadvantaged businesses and communities as allowed by law.

MCE will facilitate and encourage diversity and a sustainable workforce through its support for:

- 1. Fair compensation in direct hiring, renewable development projects, customer programs, and procurement services;
- 2. Development of locally generated renewable energy within the MCE service area;
- 3. Direct use of union members from multiple trades;
- 4. Quality training, apprenticeship, and pre-apprenticeship programs;
- 5. Direct use of businesses local to the MCE service area;
- 6. Development of California based job opportunities;
- 7. Business and workforce initiatives located in low-income and disadvantaged communities;
- 8. Direct use of Disabled Veteran-owned Enterprises ("DVBE") and LGBT-owned Business Enterprises;
- 9. Direct use of green and sustainable businesses; and
- 10. Use of direct hiring practices that promote diversity in the workplace.

In line with these workforce priorities, MCE has various requirements for employing local labor, including apprentices, providing prevailing wages, and complying with project labor agreements. In an effort to further MCE's tracking and reporting of labor practices and General Order 156 diverse suppliers of its energy providers, in 2018 MCE used the Commission's Clearinghouse to engage certified suppliers. MCE has also added an optional "Supplier Diversity and Labor Practices" questionnaire to its Open Season offer form to request that contractors voluntarily disclose their certification status. In compliance with Proposition 209, MCE explicitly does not give preferential treatment to bidders based on race, sex, color, ethnicity, or national origin. If such information is provided in the optional questionnaire, this information does not impact the Open Season selection process. Additionally, MCE has added workforce and diverse supplier reporting requirements to its form Power Purchase Agreement.

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III. Electric Load Forecast

MCE's long-term load forecast is primarily influenced by the number of customers that MCE expects to serve, and weather. The long-term load forecast for resource planning incorporates the seasonal electricity consumption patterns of MCE's projected customer base, including adjustments for load modifying effects of distributed energy resources, energy efficiency and electric vehicles.

Enrolled Customers

As of October 2018, MCE serves approximately 471,000 customer accounts in Marin County, Napa County, unincorporated Contra Costa County, the cities of El Cerrito, Lafayette, Richmond, San Pablo, Concord, Danville, Martinez, Moraga, Oakley, Pinole, Pittsburg, San Ramon, and Walnut Creek, and the city of Benicia in Solano County.

The scope of this IRP is limited to MCE's Board-approved service area. In accordance with Policy No. 007 New Customer Communities, MCE may include additional communities that request service during the Planning Period. Any specific resource planning impacts related to future inclusion of additional member communities would be addressed by MCE's Board prior to the completion of such processes and incorporated into future IRPs.

Customer participation rates are expressed as the proportion of customers that are currently served by MCE relative to the number of customers that are eligible to receive service. The difference between current customers and eligible customers represents the subset of customers that have voluntarily determined to opt-out of the MCE program. These customers receive bundled service from Pacific Gas & Electric ("PG&E"), the incumbent IOU in MCE's service area. The vast majority of customer opt-outs occur within a 120-day period beginning 60 days prior to each customer's scheduled MCE service commencement and continuing for 60 days thereafter – this period of time is generally referred to as the "enrollment period."

During the enrollment period, prospective and enrolled customers receive a minimum of four mailed notices, which explain MCE's service options and the opt-out process amongst other terms and conditions of service. Some of these notices target unique messages for special customer classes. For example, low-income customers on the energy discount programs such as California Alternate Rates for Energy ("CARE") or Family Electric Rate Assistance ("FERA") or Medical Baseline will be informed that their discounts remain with MCE service and that they do not need to reapply. These notices are complemented by a variety of marketing and community outreach efforts to raise awareness of the upcoming change to electric service. Much of this strategy is captured in the Community Outreach Plan written by MCE staff with input from local leaders, community staff, and elected officials. The community outreach strategy often includes tabling events, offering presentations to local groups, contacting high electricity users, placing advertisements in local newspapers and on billboards, and creating a Community Leader Advisory Group to help guide MCE's outreach strategy to maximize awareness and education about Community Choice. MCE's outreach strategies particularly emphasize reaching special populations, such as low-income and fixed-income populations, as well as those who speak English as a second language. Following

⁸ This does not include Direct Access customers ope	ating within the new	communities being enrolled.
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the initial enrollment period, MCE's customer base stabilizes, and the impacts of customers voluntarily returning to MCE service (also known as "opting-in") generally offset the effects of customer attrition.

The customer participation rate associated with MCE's initial enrollments of Marin County is approximately 77 percent. Customer participation rates have increased in subsequent MCE enrollment phases: 81 percent of customers who were offered service following inclusion of the City of Richmond have continued with MCE; 86 percent in MCE's subsequent expansion footprint of Benicia, San Pablo, El Cerrito, and unincorporated Napa County; 89 percent involved in the September 2016 inclusion of American Canyon, Calistoga, Lafayette, Napa, St. Helena, Walnut Creek, and Yountville; and 90% involved in the April 2018 inclusion of Concord, Danville, Martinez, Moraga, Oakley, Pinole, Pittsburg, San Ramon, and unincorporated Contra Costa County. This trend reflects the impact of MCE's outreach efforts, increased awareness of the MCE brand and service advantages, legislation limiting certain IOU marketing tactics against CCAs, and general familiarity with the CCA service model, which continues to expand throughout California. The various phases of MCE's growth are summarized in Table 2.

Table 2: MCE Expansion Phases

MCE Phase	Description	Number of Accounts	Implementation Date
Phase 1	MCE Member (municipal) accounts & a subset of residential, commercial and/or industrial accounts, comprising approximately 20 percent of total customer load within MCE's original Member Agencies.	8,500	May 7, 2010
Phase 2A	Additional commercial and residential accounts, comprising approximately 20 percent of total customer load within MCE's original Member Agencies (incremental addition to Phase 1).	6,100	August 2011
Phase 2B	Remaining accounts within Marin County.	79,000	July 2012
Phase 3	Residential, commercial, agricultural, and street lighting accounts within the City of Richmond.	35,000	July 2013
Phase 4A	Residential, commercial, agricultural, and street lighting accounts within the unincorporated areas of Napa County.	14,000	February 2015
Phase 4B	Residential, commercial, agricultural, and street lighting accounts within the City of San Pablo, the City of Benicia and the City of El Cerrito.	30,000	May 2015
Phase 5	Residential, commercial, agricultural, and street lighting accounts within the Cities of American Canyon, Calistoga, Lafayette, Napa, Saint Helena, Walnut Creek and the Town of Yountville.	83,000	September 2016
Phase 6	Residential, commercial, agricultural, and street lighting accounts within the Cities of Concord, Danville, Martinez, Moraga, Oakley, Pinole, Pittsburg, San Ramon, and unincorporated Contra Costa County.	216,300	April 2018

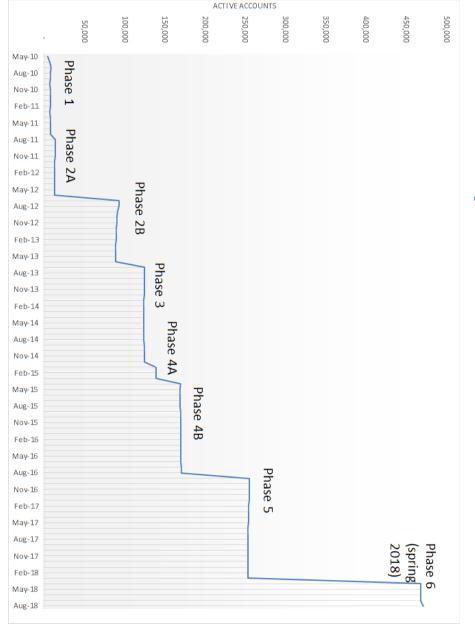


Figure 2: Active MCE Customers Per Phase Rollout

Baseline Customer and Consumption Forecast

("EV") charging. applied to yield a monthly energy forecast by customer class. Hourly class-specific load profiles are then DER programs and emerging market factors such as growing electricity demand related to electric vehicle historical data. MCE also makes explicit adjustments to this forecast to account for the load impacts of its Certain adjustments are incorporated in the base forecast to account for factors not reflected in the used to break down the monthly energy forecast into more granular time-of-use and peak demand values. (residential, commercial, etc.). Monthly energy consumption estimates, derived from historical data, are MCE's electricity demand forecast starts with a forecast of customers by end-use classification

Distributed Energy Resources (DERs)

and benefits to MCE and its customers. Specifically, MCE expects to utilize DERs to maximize the use of optimizing energy procurement and use in its service area. Collectively, EE, Demand Response ("DR"), GHG emissions, increased workforce opportunities, and customer bill savings. renewable energy and reduce GHG emissions while achieving community benefits such as reduced local rooftop solar, energy storage, EVs, and water-energy conservation can provide multiple revenue streams MCE anticipates that DERs will play an increasingly important role in reducing GHG emissions and

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MCE considers DER deployment to be an emerging market opportunity, albeit one that presents many challenges to successful implementation. MCE is actively addressing these challenges by developing tools and pilot programs to usher in wider-scale DER deployment not only within its service area but also statewide through adoption by other CCAs forming within California.

MCE's DER strategies include; development of local energy projects; exploration of market designs; creation of analytical tools to quickly analyze and evaluate the suitability of specific DER solutions; emphasis on DER pilots that reduce MCE's exposure to wholesale market volatility; and shifting energy use away from peak evening hours when renewable energy production is low and market prices are high.

Current DER Programs and Projects

Building Efficiency Optimization

The CEC awarded MCE a Local Government Challenge Grant of \$1.75 million to pursue an innovative Building Efficiency Optimization ("BEO") pilot. The goal of this project is to facilitate scalability of DERs via a strong, data-driven siting and targeting approach, which will be applied to and validated by three demonstration projects.

The goals for this project are also to i) examine the role that CCAs, as local, independent government agencies, can play in navigating barriers that currently prevent broad and rapid deployment of targeted DERs; and ii) deliver an innovative and replicable CCA program solution that enables targeted DER portfolios to be coordinated, integrated, optimized, and dispatched rapidly across CCA service areas, thereby accelerating state and local climate action and progress toward GHG reduction goals. This solution will be available to use across MCE's service area by Q3 2020.

Demand Response (DR)

MCE continues to analyze both the residential and commercial sectors for DR opportunities while also facilitating third-party DR programs in its service area. In addition, MCE customers are eligible for many of the DR programs administered by PG&E, and MCE receives DR allocations from PG&E administered programs equal to approximately 3 percent of MCE's peak capacity requirement. Between MCE-implemented programs, those managed by third parties, and PG&E allocations, MCE intends for DR to account for 5 percent of its RA requirements by the end of the Planning Period.

MCE is currently developing limited-scope, pilot DR programs with a particular interest in exploring platforms and opportunities for aggregating and shifting load away from evening peak hours. In order to complement its PG&E DR allocations and MCE's own programs, MCE is also working to gain a better understanding of third-party DR programs operating within its service area to learn where services are being provided and where gaps exist. Depending on the outcome of these activities, MCE may launch new DR programs and possibly seek funding from other sources for more robust programs in this sector.

Advanced Energy Rebuild Napa

In 2018 MCE partnered with the Bay Area Air Quality Management District, Napa County, BayREN, and PG&E, to administer up to \$1 million for electrification and solar rebates for single family homes affected by the 2017 and 2018 wildfires in Napa County. Homeowners who are starting to rebuild from the

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devastation can access up to \$12,540 in incentives for these electrification measures (including high performance attics and walls, efficient windows, heat pump water and space heaters, smart thermostats, EV charging, solar plus storage). This process braids multiple funding sources through one application process. There will be an additional 20% incentive provided to income-qualified households.

Electric Vehicles (EVs)

The electrification of transportation will play an essential role in reducing GHG emissions in our communities. Over the past 18 months, MCE has been piloting and engaging in a number of EV-related initiatives to inform larger program offerings in the future. These initiatives have included DR-enabled charging devices, incentives for electric buses, funding for charging stations, and a strategic planning engagement in partnership with the US EPA to analyze local EV market trends and their impact to MCE's customer demand.

MCE has identified workplace EV charging as an opportunity to shift demand of the 7,507 EV drivers in its service area⁹ to hours of the day when energy is frequently cheaper, cleaner, and when excess renewable generation might otherwise be curtailed. MCE sees this clean, renewable, and abundant fuel, which is typically priced lower than an equivalent amount of gasoline-based fuel, as a key value proposition. MCE is coordinating with PG&E on their EV Charge Network program and managing a stand-alone 3-year EV charging rebate program (MCEv) to actively facilitate the alignment of available funding sources and technical assistance for commercial customers interested in installing and operating charging stations in MCE's service area. Built into MCEv is also a rebate for income-qualified customers interested in purchasing new or used electric vehicles.

Energy Efficiency (EE)

As referenced in the MCE Implementation plan, studies indicate that a reasonable long-term goal for EE programs in MCE's service area is to reduce overall annual energy consumption by approximately two percent. MCE's 2019 peak demand forecast is approximately 1,048 MW, and annual consumption is expected to be approximately 5,275,000 MWh, two percent of which is 105,500 MWh. Achieving this level of savings will require development of specific programs, anticipated funding, and time to deploy the efficiency measures.

MCE has a statutory right to serve as an independent administrator of ratepayer-funded EE programs. Such funding is derived through collection of the public purpose program charge from all customers, including those served by both CCAs and IOUs; disposition of public purpose program funds is administered by the CPUC. MCE has received CPUC funding approval for EE programs to be administered through 2025 and currently administers programs in the multifamily, commercial, and single family sectors and will be rolling out agriculture, industrial, and a suite of comprehensive single family programs. In addition, MCE layers additional incentives for income qualified, multifamily properties with incentives from the Multifamily Energy Savings Program through the Low-Income Families and Tenants ("LIFT") Program, which includes a fuel switching component that incentivizes property owners to replace gas space and water heaters with heat pump technology to further benefit our most economically vulnerable

⁹ As of September 2016, California Department of Motor Vehice	cles
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community members. The LIFT program is funded through the Energy Savings Assistance Program (ESAP), also administered by the Commission. The first year savings forecasts of MCE-administered EE programs are reflected below in Figure 3.

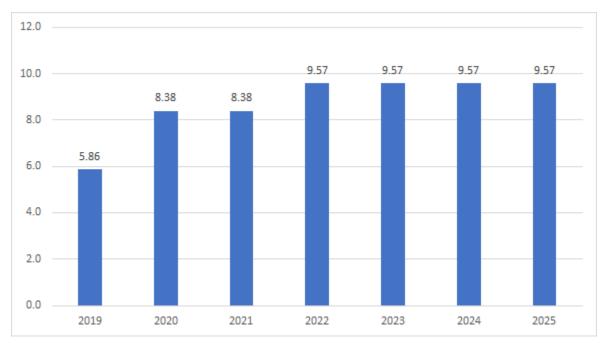


Figure 3: MCE 1st Year Energy Efficiency Impacts (GWh)

(1) Forecast includes ratepayer funded EE programs approved for funding through 2025.

To complement these other efforts and create green-collar career pathways through the construction of renewable projects, installation of energy efficiency, and connect local workforce to our Pittsburg call center, MCE has supported workforce development partners such as the Conservation Corps North Bay, Marin City Community Development Corporation ("MCCDC"), Rising Sun Energy Center, RichmondBUILD, and Future Build. Through the approval of our Energy Efficiency Business Plan, MCE has been able to allocate non-resource dollars to fund workforce development initiatives beyond the Multifamily Energy Savings Direct Install service. MCE is also coordinating closely with PG&E to maximize community benefits and ensure gaps are filled.

Energy Storage

In 2018, MCE issued its first standalone energy storage RFO as part of its annual Open Season procurement process. The products sought included behind-the-meter peak demand management systems to serve MCE's commercial and industrial customers, aggregated community energy storage systems capable of scheduling into the California Independent System Operator ("CAISO") markets, and grid asset systems to shape load and to provide grid services. Other benefits that MCE seeks from its energy storage offers include additional Resource Adequacy, generation shifting to cover MCE's super peak demand, energy arbitrage savings to MCE, reduced congestion costs, and potentially supplying Ancillary Services and Proxy Demand Response to the CAISO market.

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To date, MCE has 1.34 MW of energy storage resources in its service area, including an installation at the College of Marin.



Figure 4: Energy Storage Installation at College of Marin

Net Energy Metering (NEM) and Rooftop Solar Rebates

Through its NEM program, MCE supports customer-sited distributed generation within its service area. MCE's NEM program offers incentives not typically found in utility programs, including rollover of NEM generation credits from year-to-year (up to a cap of \$5,000), as well as the opportunity to receive a cash payment for the retail value of those credits. In 2018, eligible credit balances for cash-out exceeded \$1.8 million, with some of the largest beneficiaries including school districts and other public agencies.

MCE's NEM program currently includes nearly 30,000 customers (approximately 6.3% of all MCE accounts) with aggregate installed renewable generating capacity of approximately 306,000 kW (306 MW). Beyond NEM, MCE incentivizes local rooftop solar development for low income customers through a partnership with California's Single Family Affordable Solar Housing ("SASH") program administrator, GRID Alternatives. MCE contributes \$900 per solar installation to low-income customers who qualify for GRID Alternative's service. By leveraging multiple sources of funding, GRID Alternatives installs these systems in disadvantaged communities at little-to-no cost for the customer. From 2012-2018, MCE allocated \$345,000 toward this rebate program and has supported the installation of 126 residential solar PV systems on low-income homes, representing 249.71 kW of new, local renewable capacity.

Community Power Coalition

To facilitate direct community feedback in the development, progress, and evolution of these customer programs, staff engages MCE's Community Power Coalition. The Coalition was formed in 2014 to focus on the interests of underrepresented and historically marginalized constituencies through collaborations with our local partners and open dialogue with our communities. As of 2018, this group represents 31 local organizations, which are invited to meet every other month to discuss regulatory and legislative issues, build community awareness of new MCE programs and policies, provide feedback on these programs and other outreach activities, and hear updates on the Community Choice movement.

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IV. Resources

Existing Resource Commitments

MCE currently has approximately sixty unique power purchase commitments to ensure requisite conventional, renewable, and GHG-free energy supply. MCE's contract portfolio includes a variety of suppliers, term lengths, product types, quantities, generation technologies, and resource locations. MCE's current portfolio of energy resources is summarized in Table 3, below, with additional detail provided in Appendix B.

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Table 3: MCE Portfolio of Energy Resources as of 6/30/2018

			Contract		Annual	
B		T-4	Ca pacity	-	Deliveries	l
Project	Counterparty	Technology	(MW)	Term	(GWh)	Location
BUN DLED RENEWABLE						
Beysers	Calpine	Geothermal	10	2017-2026	88	Lake Co, Sonoma Co, CA
Energy 2001 - Lincoln Landfill	Genpower	Landfill Gas	4.8	2013-2024	27	Lincoln, CA
G2 Hay Road	G2Energy	Landfill Gas	1.6	2013-2024	12	Solano Co, CA
G2 Ostrom Road	G2Energy	Landfill Gas	1.6	2013-2024	12	Yuba Co, CA
Redwood Landfill	Waste Management	Landfill Gas	4	2017 - 2037	30	Novato, CA
Pardee and Camanche Powerhouses	EBMUD	RPS-Eligible Hydro	34	2016-2025	70	Mokelumne River, CA
American Canyon A (FIT)	American Canyon	Solar PV	0.99	2019-2028	2.8	Na pa, CA
American Canyon B (FIT)	American Canyon	Solar PV	0.99	2019-2028	2.8	Na pa, CA
American Canyon C (FIT)	American Canyon	Solar PV	0.99	2019-2028	2.8	Na pa, CA
Antelope Expansion 2	sPower	Solar PV	105	2018-2037	300	Mojave Desert, CA
CMSA (FIT)	CMSA	Solar PV	0.75	2019-2028	1.3	San Rafael, CA
Cooley Quarry (MCE Local Sol)(FIT)	Cooley Quarry	Solar PV	0.99	2017 - 2036	2.9	Novato, CA
Cost Plus Plaza Larkspur (FIT)	Cost Plus Plaza Larkspur	Solar PV	0.261	2016-2035	0.5	Larkspur, CA
Cottonwood Solar - City of Corcoran	Dominion	Solar PV	11	2015-2089	30	Kings Co, CA
Cottonwood Solar - Goose Lake	Dominion	Solar PV	12	2015-2089	32	Kern Co. CA
Cottonwood Solar - Marin Carport	Dominion	Solar PV	1	2015-2089	2	Novato, CA
Desert Harvest	EDF	Solar PV	80	2013-2039	237-262	Riverside Co. CA
DRES Quarry (FIT)	DRES Quarry	Solar PV	0.1	2019-2088	0.3	Novato. CA
						Novato, CA San Rafael, CA
EO Products (FIT)	EO Products	Solar PV	0.056	2018-2087	0.1	
Freethy Industrial Park Unit #1 (FIT)	Freethy Industrial Park Unit #1		0.998	2015-2084	1.8	Richmond, CA
Freethy Industrial Park Unit #2 (FIT)	Freethy Industrial Park Unit #2		0.998	2015-2084	1.8	Richmond, CA
Great Valley	Sempra	Solar PV	100	2018-2082	279-290	Fresno Co, CA
Little Bear 1 Solar	First Solar	Solar PV	40	2020-2089	99-109	Fresno Co, CA
Little Bear 3 Solar	First Solar	Solar PV	20	2020-2089	50-55	Fresno Co, CA
ittle Bear 4 Solar	First Solar	Solar PV	50	2020-2039	124-137	Fresno Co, CA
Little Bear 5 Solar	First Solar	Solar PV	50	2020-2089	124-137	Fresno Co. CA
ost Hills	Con Edison	Solar PV	20	2018-2019	37-50	Kern Co, CA
Dakley (FIT)	Oakley	Solar PV	0.99	2018-2087	1.8	Oakley, CA
Palm Drive A (FIT)	Palm Drive	Solar PV	0.99	2019-2088	2.8	Napa, CA
Palm Drive B (FIT)	Palm Drive	Solar PV	0.99	2019-2038	2.8	Napa, CA
Palm Drive C (FIT)	Palm Drive	Solar PV	0.99	2019-2038	2.8	
		Solar PV	30		85	Napa, CA Fresno Co. CA
RE Mustang	Recurrent			2018-2082		
San Rafael Airport (FIT)	San Rafael Airport	Solar PV	0.972	2012-2081	1.4	San Rafael, CA
San Rafael Airport 2 (FIT)	San Rafael Airport	Solar PV	0.972	2019-2088	2	San Rafael, CA
Silveira Ranch A (FIT)	Silveira Ranch	Solar PV	0.999	2019-2088	2.6	Novato, CA
Silveira Ranch B (FIT)	Silveira Ranch	Solar PV	0.999	2019-2088	2.6	Novato, CA
Silveira Randh C (FIT)	Silveira Ranch	Solar PV	0.999	2019-2088	2.6	Novato, CA
MCE Solar One	sPower	Solar PV	10.5	2017-2086	11-21	Ri dhm ond, CA
FPL Green Power Wind	FPLEnergy	Wind	15.5	2019-2023	29.1	Riverside Co, CA
Harvest Wind	Morgan Stanley	Wind	Variable	2018-2020	75-90	Washington, Oregon
Los Banos Wind	Terra Gen	Wind	125	2020-2031	372	Merced Co, CA
Portfolio	Powerex	Wind/Biomass	Variable	2017-2019	75 - 125	British Columbia, Washingto
Portfolio	Powerex	Wind		2019-2020	25-50	British Columbia
Portfolio	3 Phases	Wind		2018-2019	150-215	Colorado
Stra uss Wind	BayWa	Wind	100	2020-2034	300	Lompoc, CA
rGP Energy Management	Terra Gen	Wind	100	2018-2020	300	Tehachapi, CA
	Terra Gen	Wind	42	2018-2020	138	
/oyager Wind III	rema den	wind	42	2010-2029	136	Mojave, CA
CARBON FREE	WARA DA ID	4.00		2012 221	4	B 15 N 4
3PA ACS Portfolio	WAPA/Direct	ACS		2018-2019	410	Pad fic Northwest
Central Valley Project	WAPA	Hydro		2015-2024	25	California
Portfolio	Morgan Stanley	Hydro		2018-2020	160-330	Washington, Idaho
Viiddlefork/Ralston Powerhouses	Tenaska	Hydro	Variable	2018-2022	300-600	California
Colgate/Narrows Powerhouses	Shell	Hydro	Variable	2019	250	California
CONVENTIO NAL						
SENA	Shell	System	Variable	2018-2020	623-739	Cali fornia
Exelon Generation Company	Exelon Generation Company	System	50	2018-2019	438	California
Direct Energy	Energy America	System		2018-2020	310 - 484	California
Direct Energy Direct Energy	Energy America		Variable	2019	667	California
•	-	System				
Morgan Stanley	Morgan Stanley	System		2019-2020	208-216	California
Morgan Stanley	Morgan Stanley	System	Variable	2016-2020	189-588	California

Current Resource Mix

MCE's anticipated 2019 resource mix, displayed in Figure 5, will contain approximately 81 percent renewable and carbon free energy - one of the highest renewable carbon free energy contents in California.

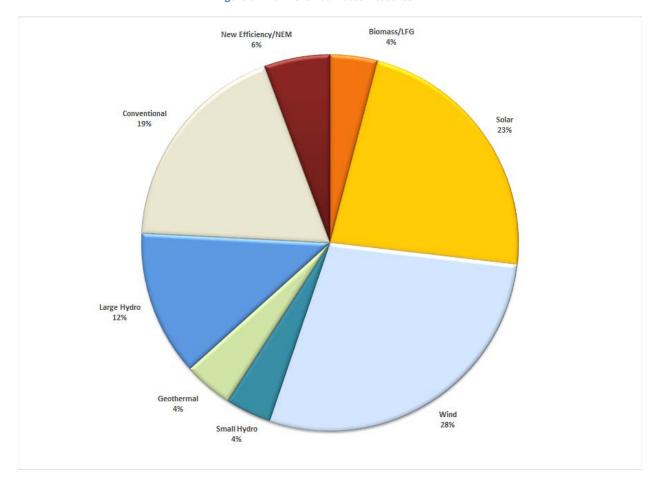


Figure 5: MCE 2019 Estimated Resource Mix¹⁰

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¹⁰ Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Figures include all supply for the Light Green and Deep Green retail product offerings.

Resource Needs

Beyond its current contractual commitments, MCE will procure additional energy products, as necessary, to ensure that the future energy needs of its customers are met in a clean, reliable, and cost-effective manner. This section sets forth MCE's planned resource volumes and quantifies the net resource need or "open position" that remains after accounting for production from MCE's existing resource portfolio. MCE has established proportionate procurement targets for overall GHG-free energy content, including subcategories for various renewable energy products, and has also established targets for planning reserves. To the extent that MCE's energy needs are not fulfilled through the use of GHG-free generating resources, it should be assumed that such supply will be sourced from conventional energy sources, such as natural gas generating technologies or system power. System power describes energy purchases from the wholesale market that are not directly associated with specific generators.

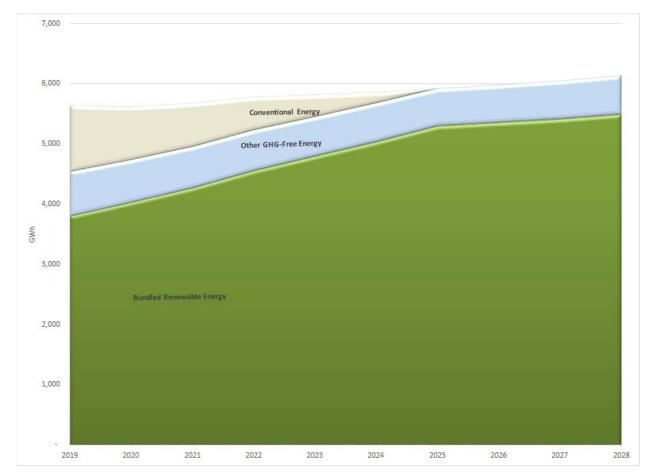


Figure 6: MCE Renewable and Non-renewable Volumes (GWhs), 2019-2028

Renewable Resources

MCE's policy is to provide its Light Green customers with energy that is at least 50 percent renewable and expects to meet a 60% Light Green target in 2019; incremental renewable energy quantities will also be procured on behalf of Deep Green program participants to ensure that such customers are provided with 100 percent renewable energy. MCE meets its renewable energy requirements with a combination of

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RPS-eligible energy products.¹¹ As Figure 7 illustrates, the proportion of MCE's resource mix that is sourced from bundled renewable energy products is expected to significantly increase as MCE transitions toward an 80 percent renewable energy content.

RPS Requirements

MCE's renewable power content significantly exceeds the state's minimum RPS requirements and will continue to do so throughout the Planning Period. SB 100 increases the renewable energy purchase requirement at applicable to Load Serving Entities to 60 percent by 2030. Transitions from the previously applicable procurement mandate (33 percent by 2020) will be implemented gradually with "straight line" increases during each year of the compliance regime. To satisfy applicable procurement mandates, LSEs are allowed to purchase a variety of renewable energy products, including power produced by generating resources located within California and elsewhere in Western Electricity Coordinating Council ("WECC"). MCE staff remains engaged in RPS-related proceedings to ensure a clear understanding and effective implementation of all applicable procurement requirements.

RPS compliance can be met with procurement from:

- i) renewable resources located within or delivering electricity directly to California (PCC 1), subject to minimum procurement requirements;
- ii) firmed and shaped renewable energy products produced outside of California (PCC 2), subject to certain quantity limitations; and
- iii) unbundled renewable energy certificates from RPS-eligible resources (PCC 3), also subject to quantity limitations.

MCE anticipates a sufficient supply of RPS-eligible renewable resources to meet a 60 percent procurement target during the 2019 calendar year, well in excess of the applicable 31 percent RPS procurement requirement. Thereafter, MCE anticipates utilizing renewable energy supply from existing and future transactions to ensure that its use of renewable energy aligns with the planned trajectory reflected in this IRP. Based on targeted renewable energy percentages, MCE intends to significantly outpace California's annual RPS procurement mandates throughout the Planning Period.

RPS Open Positions

During the third RPS Compliance Period (2017 – 2020), MCE plans to procure 75 percent of its RPS target from PCC 1 resources. With this target in mind, MCE has substantially focused on long-term power

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¹¹ Some of MCE's renewable energy volumes are produced by facilities that are both RPS-eligible and Green-e Energy-eligible, according to eligibility criteria described in the Green-e Energy National Standard: http://www.green-e.org/docs/energy/Green-eEnergyNationalStandard.pdf.

purchase agreements ("PPAs") with new, California-based generating facilities that will produce PCC 1-eligible renewable energy.¹²

MCE's goal throughout the Planning Period is to maintain a "steady-state" procurement cycle of consistent annual volumes of longer-term renewable energy contracts. To supplement its core procurement of PCC 1 resources under long-term contracts, MCE engages in short-term contracts for PCC 1, PCC 2 and, to a lesser degree, PCC 3 renewable energy supplies, if any, to balance and optimize its portfolio. As shown in Table 4, MCE has secured contracts for renewable energy volumes well in excess of applicable RPS procurement requirements.

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Retail Sales (GWh)	5,275	5,299	5,349	5,446	5,483	5,526	5,577	5,638	5,701	5,784
State RPS %	31%	33%	35%	36%	38%	40%	42%	43%	45%	47%
RPS Energy Required (GW h)	1,635	1,749	1,856	1,982	2,089	2,200	2,314	2,435	2,560	2,695
RPS Energy Contracted (GW h)	2,022	1,923	2,552	2,545	2,540	2,505	2,499	2,417	2,323	2,317
Net Short/(Long)	(387)	(174)	(696)	(563)	(451)	(306)	(184)	18	237	378
Category 1 Required (GWh)	1,226	1,312	1,392	1,487	1,567	1,650	1,736	1,827	1,920	2,022
Category 1 Contracted (GWh)	1,662	1,923	2,552	2,545	2,540	2,505	2,499	2,417	2,323	2,317
Net Short/(Long)	(436)	(611)	(1,160)	(1,058)	(973)	(855)	(763)	(591)	(403)	(296)

Table 4: MCE RPS Compliance Energy Balance, 2019-2028

Voluntary Renewable Open Positions

Voluntary renewable energy volumes reflect purchases that exceed applicable RPS mandates. With respect to MCE, these voluntary purchases are necessary to meet the targeted renewable energy supply for Light Green customers in 2018 and the 100 percent renewable energy supply for Deep Green customers. MCE's Power Content Label ("PCL") is a key customer communication tool that provides information regarding MCE's proportionate use of various fuel sources during each year of operation. The 2017 PCL, which is MCE's most recent, quantifies MCE's aggregate renewable energy use: 61 percent renewable for Light Green customers; and 100 percent renewable for Deep Green customers. In this example, all renewable energy volumes above the 27 percent compliance mandate were fulfilled through voluntary renewable energy purchases. It should be noted that the 2017 Light Green renewable content was higher than the 2017 target due to lower than expected load. Deviations from target due to weather and other unanticipated events are consistent with the normal operation of LSEs in California.

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¹² Historically, MCE has contracted with PCC 1 resources located within California; however, some resources located outside of California are eligible for PCC 1, typically through direct interconnection or firm transmission rights to the CAISO. Whereas MCE has an established preference for in-state resources, it may consider contracting with out-of-state, PCC 1-qualified resources – to the extent that they offer increased value or other desirable portfolio attributes – during the Planning Period.

Figure 7: MCE 2017 Power Content Label

2017 POWER CONTENT LABEL

ENERGY RESOURCES	2017 MCE LIGHT GREEN POWER MIX	2017 MCE DEEP GREEN POWER MIX	2017 MCE LOCAL SOL POWER MIX	2017 CA POWER MIX** (for comparison)
Eligible Renewable	61%	100%	100%	29%
Biomass & biowaste Geothermal	6% 10%	0% 0%	0% 0%	2% 4%
Small hydroelectric	9%	0%	0%	3%
Solar Wind	9% 27%	50% 50%	100% 0%	10% 10%
Coal	0%	0%	0%	4%
Large Hydroelectric	26%	0%	0%	15%
Natural Gas	5%	0%	0%	34%
Nuclear	0%	0%	0%	9%
Other	1%	0%	0%	<1%
Unspecified sources of power*	6%	0%	0%	9%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%
* "Unspecified sources of generation sources.	power" means electi	ricity from transaction	ons that are not trac	eable to specific
** Percentages are estima to California consumers d			mmission based on	the electricity sold
For specific information a products, contact:	bout these electricit	у	MCE 1 (888) 632-3674 info@ mceCleanE	nergy.org

These figures may not sum up to 100 percent due to rounding.

the California Energy Commission at:

For general information about the Power Content Label, contact

Under energy resources, "Other" represents electric power registered by the California Air Resources Board and assigned an emission factor near zero metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent per megawatt hour.

1 (844) 454-2906

Deep Green Service

MCE offers a voluntary 100 percent renewable energy option, known as Deep Green service, to all customers. The Deep Green supply portfolio relies exclusively on bundled renewable energy resources produced by California-based generators. Customer participation in Deep Green service directly impacts the quantity of incremental renewable energy volumes that MCE must procure to ensure that its broader supply portfolio includes sufficient renewable energy volume to support Light Green and Deep Green participation. Additionally, half of the premium charged to Deep Green customers is allocated to the Local Renewable Energy Reserve Fund. This fund is used to cover the pre-development and other costs of local projects, such as for the MCE Solar One 10.5 MW solar PV project in Richmond, California. As a result, increased participation in Deep Green not only reduces a customer's electricity-related GHG emissions, but also supports local project development and, by extension, creates economic benefits and associated local "green-collar" jobs within MCE's service area.

Deep Green usage currently represents approximately 3.2% percent of MCE total retail electricity sales. In 2018, MCE Deep Green sales increased from 107 GWh in 2017 to 160 GWh, as private and public sector commercial customers opted up to Deep Green service to achieve their sustainability goals and meet emissions reduction targets. More than half of MCE member municipalities have enrolled their government accounts in Deep Green service, with 16 of these member municipalities enrolling all of their accounts.

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Table 5: MCE Deep Green Participation, as of June 2018¹³

Table 5	Total MCE	Residential Deep Green	Commercial Deep Green	Total Deep Green
Number of Customers	471,137	6,816	2,389	9,205
% of total MCE Customers		1.45%	0.51%	1.95%
Total Retail Sales (MWh)	4,766,000	27,000	133,000	160,000
% of total Retail Sales		0.57%	2.79%	3.36%

Local Sol Service

In 2014, MCE established its voluntary Local Sol service option. An alternative to MCE's Light Green or Deep Green service options, Local Sol's community-based service enables customers to sign up for 100 percent local solar generation from projects located within MCE's service area. Local Sol began serving customers in July 2017, following commercial operation of the supporting local generator at Novato's Cooley Quarry. Based on customer interest and subject Board approval, MCE may consider expansion of the Local Sol program once the current program capacity is reached.

Table 6: MCE Local Sol Participation, 2018¹⁴

Project Name	Program Capacity (Customer Accounts)	Energy (MWh/year)	Currently Enrolled (Customer Accounts)	Currently Enrolled (MWh/year)
Cooley Quarry	~300	2,885	175	874

The remaining open positions related to MCE's future voluntary renewable energy targets for Light Green and Deep Green service options are shown in Table 7.

Table 7: MCE Renewable Energy Balance, 2019-2028

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Light Green Renewable Content Goal %	60%	63%	67%	70%	73%	77%	80%	80%	80%	80%
Light Green Renewable Energy Target										
(GWh)	3,578	3,774	4,009	4,286	4,519	4,759	5,010	5,063	5,122	5,201
Deep Green Incremental Renewable Energy										
Target (GWh)	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215
Contracted Renewable Energy (GWh)	2,119	2,053	2,614	2,608	2,603	2,568	2.562	2,486	2,392	2,386
Net Short(Long)	1,628	1,896	1,574	1,863	2,106	2,386	2,649	2,781	2,940	3,029

GHG-Free Resources

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MCE has outlined a specific GHG-free procurement goal of 81 percent in 2019, with regular increases each year thereafter until MCE achieves its long-term objective of a 100 percent GHG-free resource mix. MCE

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¹³ Total Deep Green participants as of June 2018, the most recent month for which data are available. Sales for the first half of 2018 have been extrapolated through the balance of the year. Percentages indicate portion of total MCE customers and retail sales, respectively.

¹⁴ Local Sol service capacity is based on usage of enrolled customers. As of August 2018, 170 customer accounts – of an estimated capacity of 300 – have enrolled.

acknowledges that achieving a 100 percent GHG-free resource mix will be dependent upon successful resolution of operational practicalities, applicable GHG reporting practices (such as those contemplated in AB 1110), and product availability. To achieve these GHG-free supply goals, MCE will require additional GHG-free energy throughout the Planning Period, as reflected in Table 8.

2021 2022 2025 2019 2020 2023 2024 2026 2027 2028 Total Energy Requirements 5,592 5,617 5,670 5,773 5,812 5,858 5,912 5,976 6,043 6,131 GHG-Free Target (%) 81% 84% 88% 91% 94% 97% 100% 100% 100% 100% 4,740 GHG-Free Targeted Volumes 4,543 4,961 5,232 5,449 5,675 5,912 5,976 6,043 6,131 GHG-Free Under Contract 3,327 2,737 3,177 3,170 2,565 2,530 2,524 2,442 2,348 2,342 Renewable Energy Open Position 1,781 2,110 1,721 2,010 2,254 2,535 2,798 2,937 3,091 3,175

51

630

610

590

597

604

614

63

(565)

(107)

Table 8: MCE GHG-Free Energy Balance, 2019-2028 (GWh)

System Energy

GHG-Free Open Position

MCE utilizes fixed-price energy contracts to hedge market price exposure associated with its load, which can arise due to open positions in its supply portfolio, intermittent deliveries from variable energy resources ("VERs"), or via energy supply contracts that include market index-based prices. Consistent with its mission to reduce GHG emissions, MCE prioritizes renewable and GHG-free energy resources when evaluating hedge contracts; to the extent that resource economics or market availability dictate, MCE also utilizes fixed-price contracts for unspecified source system energy or specified source natural gas fueled generation to stabilize its retail rates. MCE purchases system energy or conventional generation via short- and intermediate-term contracts or via the CAISO markets.

Capacity Resources

MCE meets California's Resource Adequacy program requirements by procuring qualifying capacity sufficient to meet MCE's projected peak demand plus a 15 percent reserve margin. In addition to this general requirement, MCE must ensure that mandated proportions of such capacity resources are procured from local reliability areas defined by the CAISO. MCE has a need for capacity purchases to meet RA obligations beginning in 2019. RA purchases are generally conducted via short and medium term transactions, consistent with the obligations under California's RA program. MCE is actively engaged in procurement processes related to open positions for the balance of 2019 and has also addressed portions of its anticipated obligations in future years through multi-year RA contracts. In addition, MCE has long-term capacity rights under several of its PPAs, which will provide a portion of MCE's local RA needs during the Planning Period.

Table 9: MCE Resource Adequacy Capacity Balance, 2019-2028 (MW)

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Net Peak Demand	1048	1040	1044	1069	1068	1069	1073	1084	1095	1109
Total RA Contracted (System, Local & Flex)	840	721	650	355	355	199	199	204	204	204
Net Short/(Long)	207	319	394	714	713	871	875	880	890	905

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 $^{^{15}}$ MCE policy prohibits unit-specific purchases from coal or nuclear generation facilities.

Flexible Capacity

The CAISO, in collaboration with the CPUC and other local regulatory authorities, must ensure that the electric system has sufficient flexibility, including load-following capabilities, to address unexpected system variability. Thus, the CAISO introduced flexible capacity compliance mandates for LSEs in 2015. Each LSE must demonstrate procurement of 90 percent of its flexible capacity requirement on its annual RA filing and 100 percent of the specified requirement on its subsequent monthly RA filings. Flexible capacity capabilities of resources such as distributed generation, DR, and energy storage should ultimately count toward an LSE's flexible capacity procurement obligation. MCE has successfully satisfied and expects to continue successfully satisfying all flexible capacity mandates.

Table 10: MCE Flexible Capacity Targets (MW), 2019

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
313	300	263	256	238	225	200	200	288	288	300	331

Energy Storage

MCE intends to explore additional opportunities for ownership of and contracting with larger storage projects. These may include projects located in MCE's service area or those strategically located elsewhere in California and projects that are co-located with renewable energy generation or those that are developed independently.

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V. Procurement

MCE will fill its future open positions via a combination of contracted energy resources and demand-side programs. This section describes the types of resources MCE may procure and discusses various considerations that may influence MCE's procurement efforts.

MCE has successfully administered a transition away from its initial full requirements supply contract, under which all conventional energy products, reserve capacity, and renewable energy were provided through a single agreement with a single counterparty. Such a structure was instrumental in minimizing administrative and operational complexities at the time of MCE's launch in May 2010. Since that time, MCE has gained experience in the areas of resource planning and procurement, adding staff to support these critical functions. MCE has also developed robust procurement processes to address the majority of its energy, capacity, and renewable energy requirements through relationships with numerous suppliers.

MCE Generation Development

MCE is targeting development of 35 MW of new renewable resources within its service area by 2021. ¹⁶ Toward this goal, MCE may consider direct project investment or ownership of generation assets and has historically utilized long-term PPAs to secure renewable energy supplies at stable costs for its customers. MCE considers asset ownership to offer similar benefits to contracting via long-term PPAs and, therefore, does not have an explicit bias toward either PPAs or asset ownership. MCE examines opportunities for asset ownership – as it does for its contracted resources – on a case-by-case basis, considering such factors as risk allocation, asset location, technology, and, most critically, impact on MCE's customers' rates.

Current federal tax policy generally favors private sector ownership of renewable assets due to the tax credits that are uniquely available to for profit entities. For this reason, MCE's experience has been that PPAs with privately owned renewable generation facilities are typically more cost-effective than development or ownership of resources by MCE. MCE has secured optional buyout provisions in some of its renewable PPAs, which provide a potential path to MCE asset ownership after the tax benefits have been exhausted by the private developer.

Assessing a generation project's operational risk becomes more important for assets owned by MCE because MCE could be at risk for production shortfalls and for cost over-runs, which are risks typically absorbed by the developer under a PPA structure. Direct generation investment may become an increasingly viable option during the Planning Period as MCE expects to gain additional operational experience and more robust access to credit markets. As part of this approach, MCE may also consider joint ventures and turnkey development approaches to ensure appropriate allocation of project risks.

MCE Solar One – Local Solar Development

In September of 2014, MCE entered into an option agreement to lease 60 acres from Chevron Products Company ("CPC") at the Richmond oil refinery for the development of a solar PV installation up to 12 MW.

16 The 35 MW local renewable target is in addition to the 200 MW of distributed generation MCE expects to serve	in ڊ
2018 via its NEM program.	

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MCE's status as a California Joint Powers Authority and the public benefit to be derived from this project were key factors in CPC's decision to lease the property to MCE. Over a period of three years, MCE completed pre-development activities for the project, and MCE then engaged a developer who financed and built the 10.5 MW installation, aptly named MCE Solar One. MCE views this as a model for future solar development on brownfield sites in its service area. The project is the largest public-private solar installation in the San Francisco Bay Area. MCE Solar One began commercial operation in December 2017, delivering renewable energy to MCE customers from a local renewable resource that would otherwise not have been developed.

Renewable Energy Purchases

MCE uses a portfolio risk management approach in its power purchasing program, seeking low cost supply as well as diversity among technologies, production profiles, project sizes and locations, counterparties, length of contract, and timing of market purchases. These factors are taken into consideration when MCE engages the market.

MCE continually manages its forward load obligations and supply commitments with the objective of balancing cost stability and cost minimization, while leaving some flexibility to take advantage of market opportunities or technological improvements that may arise. MCE monitors its open position separately for each renewable resource category, GHG-free resources, conventional resources, and on a total portfolio basis. MCE maintains portfolio coverage targets of up to 100 percent in the near-term (0 to 5 years) and leaves a greater portion open in the mid to long term, consistent with generally accepted industry practice.

MCE has no explicit preference for specific renewable energy technologies. MCE's supply preference is for a mix of renewable energy technologies that will deliver energy in a profile that is generally consistent with its load shape. Recent market data suggest that midday peak resources are likely to comprise a larger proportion of California's renewable supply portfolio due to the rapid decline in prices for solar PV generation projects and the abundance of such projects in development. Additions to MCE's portfolio during the Planning Period will likely be more heavily weighted toward energy resources — be they dispatchable, shaped during non-solar or ramping periods, or otherwise — that complement competitively priced solar. MCE may also engage in purchases from as-available renewable generation (e.g. wind) to the extent that it is competitively priced or otherwise provides portfolio balance.

In regard to generation project location, MCE places the greatest value on locally sited renewable energy projects, particularly those located within its service area or within approximately 100 miles. Of next highest preference are projects sited in the North Path 15 region (generally, Northern California), followed by projects elsewhere in California, and then, finally, out-of-state resources.

The projected resource mix during the Planning Period is illustrated in Figure 8.

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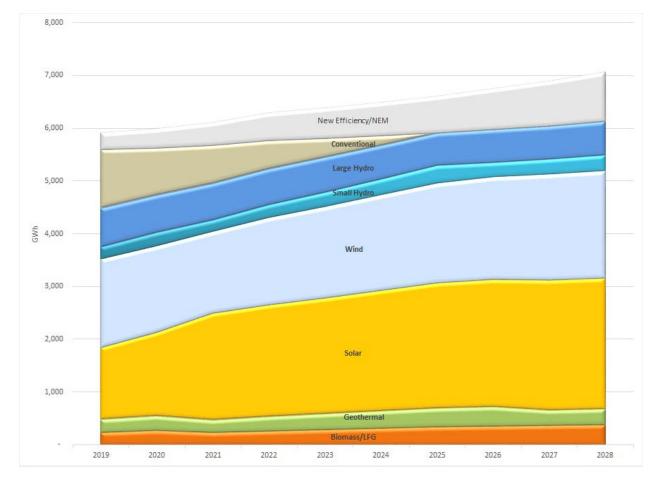


Figure 8: Projected MCE Resource Mix (GWh), 2019-2028¹⁷

Feed-In Tariff (FIT)

MCE's FIT offers a total program capacity of 45 MW on a first-come, first-served basis to renewable resources located in MCE's service area. The FIT offering allows private developers to finance local renewable energy projects, while catalyzing local job creation associated with the construction, operation, and maintenance of these local projects. By providing attractive, above-market rates, this program incentivizes renewable development in MCE communities where it otherwise would not be built.

MCE's initial FIT program, which offered 15 MW of capacity to projects sized up to 1 MW is fully subscribed. Starting in 2018, MCE began the second phase of its FIT program, adding an additional 10 MW of capacity and an updated Tariff for projects in MCE's service area up to 1 MW. Another 20 MW of capacity is available for new FIT Plus projects sized above 1 MW to up to 5 MW, with a new applicable Tariff. All FIT related documents are available on MCE's FIT website. 18

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¹⁷ Actual resource utilization will depend upon market conditions and resource availability.

¹⁸ https://www.mcecleanenergy.org/feed-in-tariff/.

Table 11: MCE Feed-In Tariff Projects

Project Name	Project Status	Capacity (kW)	Annual Output (MWh)	Commercial Operation Date
San Rafael Airport	Operational	972	1,440	October 2012
Freethy Industrial Park Unit #1	Operational	998	1,800	October 2016
Freethy Industrial Park Unit #2	Operational	998	1,800	October 2016
Cost Plus Plaza	Operational	261	520	September 2016
Hayworth-Fabien, LLC (Oakley)	Operational	990	1,750	July 2018
TOTAL		4,219	7,310	

GHG-Free Power Purchases

MCE anticipates that its GHG-free energy supplies will be substantially met through short-, medium-, and long-term purchases of GHG-free energy sources, particularly renewable energy and regionally produced hydroelectricity. As previously noted, MCE will not engage in unit-specific purchases from nuclear generators to meet its GHG-free power supply objectives.

System Resources and Specified Conventional Power Purchases

MCE may engage in purchases of unspecified system energy or unit specific purchases from natural gasfueled generation. Energy products may include peak, off-peak, baseload, and shaped energy. MCE may purchase system and specified conventional energy or capacity through fixed price forward contracts or through tolling agreements. Purchases of system energy will typically be for short- and medium-term lengths (< 5 years). Unit-specific and tolling agreements may address MCE's short-, medium- and longterm needs. Natural gas purchases associated with tolling agreements will typically be for short to medium terms.

Total Supply Obligations

With respect to MCE's total supply and load obligations, MCE manages exposure to market price risk by executing forward electric supply commitments for its projected energy sales obligations. MCE considers a variety of factors including cost control and competitiveness. Entering into fixed price forward contracts enables MCE to meet budget and rate-setting objectives by increasing cost certainty. However, it is appropriate to maintain modest flexibility for incorporation of new supply- or demand-side resources and limited exposure to CAISO market prices to ensure optimal resource portfolio diversification. In light of these considerations, the following contracting guidelines for fixed-price energy contracts will be used during the Planning Period.

Table 12: MCE Power Supply Contracting Guidelines

Time Horizon	Fixed-Price Energy Contracting Guidelines
Current Year	70% to 100%
Year 2	60% to 95%
Year 3 and Beyond	Up to 70%

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As MCE contracts for system energy and capacity, these contracting guidelines serve to inform MCE's hedging targets used to mitigate price and supply risk. Execution of master power purchase and sale agreements with multiple, credit-worthy counterparties has enabled and will continue to enable energy purchases through transaction-specific confirmations whenever appropriate, consistent with the policies set forth in this plan.

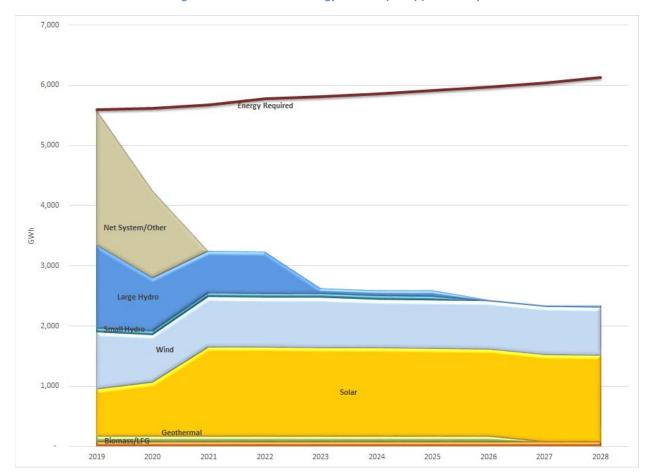


Figure 9: MCE Contracted Energy Portfolio (GWh) (2019-2028)

Reserve Capacity Purchases

MCE may engage in purchases or sales of RA capacity from generation resources that qualify to meet RA requirements in accordance with CPUC and CAISO regulations. Terms may range from one month to ten years. Capacity is also often bundled with energy and renewable attributes under MCE's renewable energy PPAs.

VI. Procurement Methods and Authorities

In order to effectively plan and manage its portfolio, MCE differentiates contracts by their term length as follows:

- Short-term: up to twelve months;
- Medium-term: longer than twelve months, up to five years;
- Intermediate-term: longer than five years, up to ten years;
- Long-term: longer than ten years.

Based upon the expected contract tenor, MCE may use a variety of methods – including competitive solicitations, standard contract offerings, and bilaterally negotiated agreements – throughout the Planning Period.

Procurement Methods

For long-, intermediate-, and medium-term purchase commitments, MCE typically uses competitive solicitations, like its annual Open Season solicitation, or standard offer contracts, like its FIT. Through a competitive solicitation, MCE issues a request for offers and concurrently evaluates multiple proposals in the context of market conditions before entering negotiations with those respondents that provide the most compelling offers. Occasionally, MCE will issue ad hoc competitive solicitations or engage in independent bilateral negotiations to meet specific resource needs for which inclusion in an annual solicitation is not appropriate.

With regard to short-term power purchases, MCE may negotiate bilateral agreements directly, especially for unique or urgent transactions that do not lend themselves to inclusion in a competitive solicitation. Alternatively, particularly in markets with sufficient transparency to ensure competitive outcomes, MCE may negotiate short-term transactions via its scheduling coordinator or independent energy brokers or marketers.

MCE procures energy and Resource Adequacy consistent with its Board approved Energy Risk Management Policy.

Procurement Authorities

MCE's energy procurement throughout the Planning Period will be consistent with the delegation of authorities of the Board, including Resolution 2018-03, and/or any other delegation of authorities or relevant Resolution of the Board.

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Appendix A: Load and Resource Table

	MCE	Resourc	e Balanc	e						
		Novembe	r 2018							
	2010	2020	2024	2022	2022	2024	2025	2025	2027	2020
I. Energy Requirements (GWh)	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Baseline Retail Load	5,535	5,562	5,590	5,618	5,646	5,674	5,703	5,731	5,760	5,789
Energy Efficiency	(10)	(15)	(21)	(28)	(33)	(39)	(46)	(54)	(62)	(62)
Distributed Generation	(325)	(374)	(430)	(494)	(544)	(598)	(658)	(724)	(796)	(876)
Electric Vehicle Load	75	125	210	350	414	489	579	684	799	933
Retail Load (Net of EE/DG/EV)	5,275	5,299	5,349	5,446	5,483	5,526	5,577	5,638	5,701	5,784
Distribution Line Losses and Unaccounted For Energy	317 5,592	318	321	327 5,773	329	332	335 5,912	338 5,976	6,043	6,131
Total Energy Requirements	5,592	5,617	5,670	5,773	5,812	5,858	5,912	5,970	0,043	0,131
II. Volume Targets										
Light Green Renewable Energy Volume Targets (GWh)										
PCC 0 (SENA P1)										-
Portfolio Content Category 1	2,528	2,677	2,854	3,061	3,236	3,417	3,606	3,644	3,686	3,743
Portfolio Content Category 2	888	935	992	1,060	1,116	1,174	1,235	1,248	1,262	1,282
Portfolio Content Category 3 (REC Only)	162	161	163	166	167	168	170	171	173	176
Subtotal, Light Green Renewable Energy Volume Targets	3,578	3,774	4,009	4,286	4,519	4,759	5,010	5,063	5,122	5,201
Deep Green Incremental Renewable Energy Volume Targets (GWh)										
Portfolio Content Category 1	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215
Subtotal, Deep Green Incremental Renewable Energy Volume Targets	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215
Large Hydro/Carbon Free Energy Volume Targets (GWh)	1,145	1,133	1,131	1,140	1,136	1,132	1,130	1,142	1,156	1,173
System/Conventional Energy Volume Targets (GWh) (includes energy w/	805	614	429	243	50	(146)	(345)	(349)	(353)	(358)
III. Contracted Resources										
Renewable Resources Under Contract (GWh)										
Portfolio Content Category 0										
Portfolio Content Category 1	1,662	1,923	2,552	2,545	2,540	2,505	2,499	2,417	2,323	2,317
Portfolio Content Category 2	360	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal, Renewable Resources Under Contract	2,022	1,923	2,552	2,545	2,540	2,505	2,499	2,417	2,323	2,317
					25	25	25			
Large Hydro/Carbon Free Resources Under Contract (GWh)	1,305	814	625	625	25	25	25	25	25	25
System Energy Under Contract (GWh)	2,736	1,447								
and the state of t	24.00									
Total Contracted Energy (GWh)	6,063	4,183	3,177	3,170	2,565	2,530	2,524	2,442	2,348	2,342
Less Variable Price Contracted Energy (GWh)	1,835	959	670	670	70	70	70			-
Total Fixed Price Contracted Energy (GWh)	4,228	3,224	2,507	2,500	2,495	2,460	2,454	2,442	2,348	2,342
# 0 0 - W										
IV. Open Positions Renewables Open Position (GWh)	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Portfolio Content Category 1	1,253	1,175	729	951	1,138	1,361	1,563	1,689	1,828	1,893
Portfolio Content Category 2	528	935	992	1,060	1,116	1,174	1,235	1,248	1,262	1,282
Portfolio Content Category 3	-	-	-		-	.,	-		-	-,202
Total Renewables Open Position (GWh)	1,781	2,110	1,721	2,010	2,254	2,535	2,798	2,937	3,091	3,175
Large Hydro/Carbon Free Open Position (GWh)	(160)	319	506	515	1,111	1,107	1,105	1,117	1,131	1,148
Total Once Madest Frage, Makenag (CMA)	4.000	2.202	3.663	2.077	3.040	3 200	3 450	2.524	3.000	2.700
Total Open Market Energy Volumes (GWh)	1,363	2,393	3,163	3,273	3,318	3,398	3,458	3,534	3,695	3,789
Total Market Price Contract Coverage (%)	76%	57%	44%	43%	43%	42%	42%	41%	39%	38%
The state of the s	20.0	37.0	44.0	49.70	49.70	46.70	46.70	42.7	35.4	30.0
Conventional Hedge Summary										
Conventional Energy Requirements	644	452	266	77	(117)	(314)	(515)	(520)	(526)	(534)
Plus Hedge for Short PCC3 Position	162	161	163	166	167	168	170	171	173	176
Plus Hedge for Short PCC2 Position	528	935	992	1,060	1,116	1,174	1,235	1,248	1,262	1,282
Plus Hedge for Short Carbon Free Position	(160)	319	506	515	1,111	1,107	1,105	1,117	1,131	1,148
Less Excess PCC1 Volumes	(2.726)	(3.447)								-
Less Null Energy Contracts Plus Variable Price Contract Volume	(2,736) 1,835	(1,447) 959	670	670	70	70	70			
Open Volumes Net of Planned PCC1 Purchases	272	1,380	2,597	2,488	2,346	2,205	2,065	2,016	2,040	2,072
The state of the s	272	2,500	2,227	2, 800	2,710	2,200	2,000	2,020	-,	Sper E
Market Price Contract Coverage Net of Planned PCC1 Purchases (%)	95%	75%	54%	57%	60%	62%	65%	66%	66%	66%
				3	,					

Appendix B: Description of Resources as of 6/30/2018

Bundled Renewable Energy Resources

Calpine Energy Services (Geothermal): bundled renewable energy, conventional energy, and capacity

MCE receives geothermal energy produced by the Geysers Project in Lake and Sonoma Counties, CA. The Geysers will provide 88,000 MWh of renewable energy annually and associated capacity throughout the ten-year term that expires in 2026.

Genpower LLC (Landfill Gas): bundled renewable energy and capacity

Deliveries under the Genpower agreement began in February 2013 and extend for a twenty-year term until 2024. Located in Lincoln, CA, these resources include an existing 2.4 MW landfill gas project, which was expanded to 4.8 MW of renewable generating capacity. MCE is currently receiving renewable energy and capacity attributes from both engines at a combined average capacity of 3.55 MW. Annual Energy deliveries are estimated to be 27,000 MWh.

G2 Energy LLC/ Hay and Ostrom Road (Landfill Gas): bundled renewable energy and capacity

MCE has two agreements with G2 Energy LLC, each relating to a unique renewable generating project. The first, G2 Hay Road, extends for twenty years from the July 2013 commercial operation date and supported construction of a new, 1.6 MW landfill gas project located in Solano County, CA. The second, G2 Ostrom Road, facilitated a 1.6 MW expansion of an existing landfill gas facility in Yuba County, CA and extends for an eighteen-year term from the commercial operation date in September 2013. Both facilities provide MCE with an estimated 23,000 MWh of baseload renewable energy and associated capacity attributes annually.

Waste Management - Redwood Landfill (Landfill Gas): bundled renewable energy and capacity

Located in Novato, CA, the Redwood Landfill power generation facility achieved commercial operation in September 2017. MCE receives approximately 30,000 MWh of renewable energy and associated capacity annually from this the state-of-the-art 4 MW project through 2037.

East Bay Municipal Utility District – Pardee and Camanche Reservoirs (RPS-Eligible Hydroelectric): bundled renewable energy

MCE entered into a ten-year PPA with East Bay Municipal Utility District ("EBMUD") for renewable energy deliveries from two existing RPS-eligible hydroelectric facilities near the Amador-Calaveras county line on the Mokelumne River. Both hydro power plants, which are owned and managed by EBMUD, provide 20,000 to 180,000 MWh of RPS-eligible generation per year, depending on annual precipitation; for planning purposes, MCE forecasts 70,000 MWh of annual production.

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American Canyon Solar A, B and C Feed-in Tariff Projects (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

American Canyon Solar A, B and C are three FIT projects located in Napa County. Each project has a 999 kW capacity with expected annual energy deliveries of approximately 2,759 MWh. The units are expected to come online in Q3 2019.

Antelope Expansion 2, LLC (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy and capacity

The Antelope Expansion 2 project will comprise 105 MW of solar capacity in the western Mojave Desert in Southern California. Once online in November of 2018, the Antelope Expansion 2 facility is annually expected to deliver 300,000 MWh of renewable energy and associated capacity over the term of its twenty-year PPA.

Central Marin Sanitation Agency CMSA Feed-In Tariff Project (Bio Gas): bundled renewable energy

This FIT project is located in San Rafael, CA. MCE will purchase excess generation capacity up to 750 kWs from the existing methane gas generator. The volumes will vary depending on fuel load, with expected capacity ranging from 150 kW to a max capacity of 750 kW. This FIT contract has a 10 year term, and is expected to reach commercial operation in Q1 2019 with expected annual energy deliveries of approximately 1,314 MWh.

Cooley Quarry Project – MCE Local Sol (Solar PV): renewable energy

The Cooley Quarry project achieved commercial operation in July 2017 and is delivering local solar energy for MCE customers who have opted into the Local Sol program. The 990 kW project is located in Novato, CA and delivers approximately 2,885 MWh annually over the term of its twenty-year PPA.

Cost Plus Plaza Larkspur Feed-In Tariff Project (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

This 261 kW roof-mounted FIT project is located in Larkspur, CA and declared commercial operation in September 2016. Energy deliveries are approximately 520 MWh per year during the twenty-year contract term.

Cottonwood Solar LLC (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy and capacity

Cottonwood Solar began delivering renewable energy to MCE in May 2015 and will do so for a twenty-five-year term. This agreement incorporates generation from three solar facilities, which provide MCE annually with approximately 64,000 MWh of renewable energy and associated capacity:

- i. City of Corcoran Solar, located in Kings County, is a 11 MW solar project that commenced commercial operation in May 2015;
- ii. Goose Lake Solar, located in Kern County, is a 12 MW generation facility that has also been delivering to MCE since May 2015; and
- iii. The Marin Carport solar project, located in Novato, CA is a 1 MW carport-mounted solar project that achieved commercial operation in July 2016. Negotiated as part of the larger Cottonwood Solar contract to provide additional community benefit, this project is especially unique in that it delivers energy locally and provides shaded parking for employees of a non-profit research facility.

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Desert Harvest, LLC (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy and capacity

Pursuant to its twenty-year PPA with MCE, Desert Harvest is developing an 80 MW solar facility in Riverside County, CA that is expected to be online in December 2020. Once operational, the project will deliver an estimated 256,000 MWh of renewable energy and associated capacity annually to MCE. In addition, MCE holds an option to expand the PPA and the facility to 150 MW if it determines that market conditions or potential expansion of MCE service area warrant doing so.

DRES Quarry, LLC Feed-in Tariff Project (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

This 100 kW addition to the Novato based Cooley Quarry project is expected to achieve commercial operation in Q1 2019. The generating facility will deliver approximately 285 MWhs of solar energy to MCE customers under a twenty-year PPA.

Small World Trading Company Feed-in Tariff Project (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

Located on the roof of the EO Products facility in San Rafael, this 56kW FIT project is expected to come online in Q4 of 2018 and deliver 112 MWh of solar energy annually.

Freethy Industrial Park Feed-In Tariff Projects #1 and #2 (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

Both of these co-located FIT projects came online in October 2016. Located in Richmond, CA, the two 998 kW agreements will extend for a twenty-year term. Aggregate energy deliveries from the projects are approximately 3,600 MWh per year during the contract term.

Great Valley Solar 1, LLC (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy and capacity

The Great Valley Solar 1 PPA provides approximately 290,000 MWh of renewable energy and capacity annually from the 100 MW solar project in Fresno County, CA. Great Valley Solar 1 achieved commercial operation in April 2018 and will deliver to MCE for fifteen years.

Little Bear Solar (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy and capacity

Little Bear Solar is a 160 MW aggregation of four solar projects in Fresno County, CA that may come online in September 2020 and annually deliver 430,000 MWh of renewable energy and capacity to MCE over the term of a twenty-year PPA.

CED Lost Hills Solar, LLC (Solar PV)): bundled renewable energy

CED Lost Hills Solar provides 50,000 MWh of bundled renewable energy in 2019 from solar resources located in California.

Oakley RV and Boat Storage, Feed-in Tariff Project (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

Hayworth-Fabien, LLC's Oakley RV and Boat Storage project achieved commercial operation in July 2018. A unique solar carport structure covering an RV and boat storage facility in the city of Oakley, the 990 kW project delivers 1,750 MWh annually over the term of its twenty-year PPA.

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Palm Drive Solar A, B and C Feed-in Tariff Projects (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

Palm Drive Solar A, B and C are three FIT projects located in Napa County with an expected COD of Q3 of 2019. Each project has a 999 kW capacity and is expected to deliver approximately 2,800 MWh annually over its twenty-year PPA.

RE Mustang LLC (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy and capacity

RE Mustang is a 30 MW solar facility in Fresno County, CA, construction of which was enabled by its fifteenyear PPA with MCE. MCE receives approximately 86,000 MWh of renewable energy annually and associated capacity from RE Mustang.

San Rafael Airport Feed-In Tariff Project (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

The San Rafael Airport FIT agreement extends for a twenty-year term, which commenced on the facility's commercial operation date of October 23, 2012. The 972 kW solar PV project, which was the largest solar facility ever constructed in Marin County at the time, is located in San Rafael, California and generates approximately 1,440 MWh per year during the contract term.

San Rafael Airport Feed-In Tariff Project II (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

The San Rafael Airport FIT II agreement extends for a twenty-year term from the facility's projected commercial operation date of Q3 2019. The 972 kW solar PV project is located in San Rafael, California and will generate approximately 2,000 MWh per year during the contract term.

Silveira Ranch A, B & C Feed-In Tariff Project II (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

The Silveira Ranch A, B & C FIT agreements extend for a twenty-year term from the facilities' projected commercial operation dates of Q4 2019. Each facility is 999 kW and located in Novato, CA. Each facility is projected to generate approximately 2,600 MWh per year during the contract term.

MCE Solar One (Solar PV): bundled renewable energy

After completing all pre-development activities in early 2017, MCE turned over the development of MCE Solar One to financier and project owner Sustainable Power Group (sPower). The construction commenced in July and was completed and on-line by the end of December 2017. MCE Solar One generates approximately 22,000 MWh per year. MCE Solar One supported over 82,000 hours of union labor and is expected to generate power for at least 3,400 homes. The labor report for the project documented nearly 83,000 work hours, of which 40 percent was union labor and almost 50 percent included hours worked by local Richmond residents. By partnering with local workforce development partner, RichmondBUILD, MCE was able to support specific training, retooling, and career opportunities for low-income, minority, and disadvantaged community members by providing the skills and experience needed to work in the green-collar economy.

FPL Green Power Wind, LLC (Wind): bundled renewable energy

The agreement with NextEra is a five-year PPA with The Green Power Wind Farm. This 15.5 MW project is located in Riverside County, CA. The agreement for this existing facility begins in 2019 and runs through 2023. MCE will receive approximately 45,000 MWh of renewable energy and associated capacity per year.

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Harvest Wind/Morgan Stanley (Wind): bundled renewable energy

Morgan Stanley will deliver to MCE from 2018-2020 at least 75,000 MWh/year with an option to increase deliveries to 90,000 MWh/year of bundled renewable energy from a portfolio of existing wind resources in Oregon and Washington.

Los Banos Wind, LLC (Wind): bundled renewable energy and capacity

Los Banos Wind project is a 125 MW wind facility in Merced County, CA. Los Banos is contracted to deliver annually 372,000 MWh of renewable energy and capacity over the twelve-year term of the PPA. In order to incorporate into its portfolio similar in-state wind deliveries prior to 2020, MCE has contracted with TGP Energy Management, LLC, an affiliate of Los Banos Wind, to deliver approximately 300,000 MWh per year of renewable energy from existing wind resources near Tehachapi, CA beginning in January 2018.

Powerex (Wind, Biomass): bundled renewable energy

Powerex will deliver 125,000 MWh to MCE in 2019 from a resource portfolio comprised largely of wind facilities in British Columbia as well as a smaller biomass generator in Washington.

Powerex (Wind): bundled renewable energy

Powerex will deliver to MCE 50,000 MWh in 2019 and 25,000 MWh in 2020 of bundled renewable energy from a portfolio of existing wind resources in British Columbia.

3 Phases Renewables, LLC (Wind): bundled renewable energy

3 Phases will deliver to MCE between 160,000-215,000 MWh in 2019 of bundled renewable energy from a portfolio of existing wind resources in Colorado.

Strauss Wind, LLC (Wind): bundled renewable energy and capacity

MCE entered into a 15-year PPA with Strauss Wind, LLC for a 100 MW wind project located in Santa Barbara County. The project, which is expected to achieve commercial operation in April 2020, is expected to deliver 300,000 MWh of wind produced energy annually.

TGP Energy Management (Wind): bundled renewable energy

TGP Energy Management delivers to MCE approximately 65,000 MWh per year of bundled renewable energy from existing wind resources near Tehachapi, CA from 2018-2020.

Voyager Wind III, LLC (Wind): bundled renewable energy and capacity

The Voyager Wind III project, located near Mojave, CA, will be 42 MW once operational in December 2018. MCE has contracted with Voyager to deliver an estimated 138,000 MWh of renewable energy and associated capacity each year of its twelve-year term.

GHG-free Resources

Bonneville Power Administration (BPA) ACS Portfolio (Large Hydroelectric ACS): Low-GHG energy

BPA, a federal power marketing agency, has an ACS portfolio registered by CARB for its low GHG emissions factor. BPA's power supply comes from a number of energy resources. The vast majority of the electricity BPA markets is hydropower generated by the 31 federal dams on the Columbia and Snake rivers. BPA's portfolio does include some emissions, however, and this is due to BPA's need to firm and shape its supply

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for its 140 utility and direct-service industrial customers in four states across the Northwest. MCE contracts for BPA's ACS portfolio through WAPA and Direct Energy, both of which provide transmission capacity for the power, and currently has agreements in place to purchase approximately 410,000 MWh of low-GHG ACS energy in 2019.

U.S. Western Area Power Administration ("WAPA", Large Hydroelectric): GHG-free energy

Under the WAPA agreement, MCE receives a specified allocation of hydroelectric energy produced by the federally owned Central Valley Project in California. These GHG-free energy deliveries, which are projected to average 25,000 MWh under typical hydrological conditions, began in January 2015 and will continue for the PPA's ten-year term until 2024.

Morgan Stanley (Large Hydroelectric): GHG-free energy

Morgan Stanley will deliver to MCE 330,000 MWh in 2019 and 189,000 MWh in 2020 of GHG-free energy from a portfolio of existing large hydro resources in Washington and Idaho.

Placer County Water Agency/Tenaska/Middlefork and Ralston Powerhouses ("PCWA," Large Hydroelectric): GHG-free energy

PCWA owns and operates Middlefork and Ralston Powerhouses on the Middlefork American River. MCE has contracted with PCWA/Tenaska for 300,00 MWh of GHG-free deliveries in 2019 and 600,000 MWh of GHG free deliveries annually from 2020-2022.

Yuba County Water Agency/Shell/Colgate and Narrows Powerhouses ("YCWA," Large Hydroelectric): GHG-free energy

YCWA manages a modern series of dams and hydropower facilities, generating up to 395 megawatts of GHG-free energy, which is enough to supply more than 300,000 homes throughout California. It owns and operates three separate powerhouses on the Yuba River: the New Colgate Powerhouse, Narrows 2 Powerhouse, and the New Bullards Bar minimum instream flow powerhouse. The Narrows 2 Flow Bypass has received recognition from the National Hydropower Association for benefits to fish-spawning grounds downstream on the Yuba River. MCE has contracted with YCWA for GHG-free deliveries in 2019 that total 250,000 MWh.

Conventional Energy Resources

Shell Energy North America: system energy

Under the agreement with Shell, MCE will receive approximately 667,000 MWh in 2019 and 739,000 MWh in 2020 of system energy.

Exelon Generation Company: system energy

Under the agreement with Exelon, MCE will receive 50 MW of system energy during 2019. These deliveries will compliment MCE's intermittent resources and offset approximately 438,000 MWh of the system energy each year that has been previously provided by other suppliers.

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Direct Energy/Energy America, LLC: system energy

The Direct Energy agreement is a three-year energy supply confirmation that will compliment MCE's renewable and intermittent resources from 2018 to 2020 with consistent and competitively priced energy that will offset 310,000 MWh to 484,000 MWh annually that have been previously delivered by other suppliers.

Direct Energy/Energy America, LLC: system energy

Under the agreement with Direct, MCE will receive approximately 667,000 MWh of system energy in 2019.

Morgan Stanley: system energy

Under the agreement with Morgan Stanley, MCE will receive approximately 438,000 MWh in 2019 and 189,000 MWh in 2020 of system energy.

Morgan Stanley: system energy

Under the agreement with Morgan Stanley, MCE will receive approximately 216,000 MWh in 2019 and 208,000 MWh in 2020 of system energy.

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